COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

SUFFOLK, SS.

SUPERIOR COURT CIVIL ACTION NO.

MICHAEL PICARD and HEIDI OLSON, Plaintiff, v. MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND RECREATION, MASSACHUSETTS STATE POLICE, and DEVON SURIAN, in his capacity as a Massachusetts State Police Trooper and in his individual capacity, Defendants.)

VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND RELIEF IN THE NATURE OF CERTIORARI

INTRODUCTION

- This is a civil rights action challenging the constitutionality of Department of Conservation and Recreation ("DCR") regulations that unlawfully restrict rights to free speech and expression on public lands and that were applied to Plaintiffs on November 11, 2021.
- 2. On November 11, 2021, Plaintiffs engaged in a peaceful counter-protest in support of gay rights in response to a demonstration in Lynn, Massachusetts involving at least one person who had previously made statements in public and posted them on-line that Plaintiffs perceived as homophobic.
- 3. Plaintiffs' counter-protest was completely peaceful and consisted primarily of holding a sign saying: "Let's Make Everybody Gay," soliciting signatures for petitions in support of gay rights, and advocating for a Pride Flag to be hung along with other flags being erected by the

demonstrators on the seawall. At times, Plaintiffs used bullhorns to ensure their voices could be heard.

- 4. In response to this peaceful and satirical counter-protest, Massachusetts State Police ("MSP") Trooper Surian ordered Plaintiffs to stop using bullhorns and to leave DCR property and then issued citations against them. DCR then failed to provide Plaintiffs the due process required under its regulations to challenge citations for conduct on DCR-operated property.
- 5. Plaintiffs seek declaratory and injunctive relief as to the constitutionality of the DCR regulations on which the citations and Trooper Surian's actions against them were based, the legality of Defendant Surian's actions against them on November 11, 2021, DCR's failure to afford Plaintiffs the administrative hearing process required by law, and MSP's failure to respond timely to a related public records request.

PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff Michael Picard resides in South Windsor in Hartford County, Connecticut.
- 7. Plaintiff Heidi Olson resides in Gloucester, in Essex County, Massachusetts.
- 8. Defendant the Department of Conservation and Recreation ("DCR") is an agency of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts with headquarters in Suffolk County, Massachusetts. It is responsible for management of the Lynn Shore Reservation and the property on which the events of November 11, 2021 occurred.
- 9. Defendant the Massachusetts State Police ("MSP") is an agency of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts with headquarters in Middlesex County, Massachusetts and a barracks in Suffolk County, Massachusetts to which, upon information and belief, Trooper Surian is assigned. MSP provides policing services on DCR-managed properties, including the Lynn Shore Reservation.

- Defendant Devon Surian is an officer/Trooper employed by MSP, assigned to the MSP Revere, Massachusetts barracks, and who resides in Suffolk County, Massachusetts.
- 11. This Court is an appropriate venue for this action challenging the regulations and actions of a division of the state, pursuant to G.L. c. 223, § 1 and G.L. c. 66, § 10A(c) and because DCR's headquarters and the MSP barracks to which Trooper Surian is assigned are in Suffolk County.

FACTS

The Counter-Protest

- 12. On November 11, 2021, a group of people staged a demonstration near a sidewalk along Lynn Shore Drive in Lynn, Massachusetts, on public property that is managed by DCR.
- 13. These demonstrators included individuals who regularly demonstrate in the area, including in support of former President Trump and in opposition to President Biden (including by calling out to passersby "fuck Joe Biden"). On November 11, 2021, they affixed flags to the sea wall that runs alongside the water and next to the sidewalk that is part of the Reservation. The flags contained messages supporting former President Trump, U.S. troops, and gun rights.
- 14. Plaintiffs knew that one or more of these demonstrators had previously participated in demonstrations in which they expressed views that Plaintiffs considered homophobic and offensive, including with regard to an LBGTQ+ flag flown at Swampscott Town Hall. For instance, a few days before November 11, the organizer of the November 11 demonstrators called out to someone displaying the LGBTQ+ Pride Flag that they were "trying to make everybody gay" and to "make the kids gay." She called out to someone "take down the gay flag, faggot." Based on her own social media postings, a few days before that, she told a passerby who objected to her comments that he was a "stupid, faggot," that she had pepper

spray and yelled "do you want it?" and told him to "tell them to take down the gay pride flag, faggot." In addition, this same person posted footage of herself apparently on a different day, in which, after taunting young boys at a school in Swampscott who did not want to talk to her; she said that the schools were trying to turn boys into "girls, fags, gay."

- 15. On November 11, 2021, Plaintiffs arrived together at the location of the demonstration to counter-protest this group of demonstrators.
- 16. Plaintiff Michael Picard carried a handmade sign saying, "Let's Make Everybody Gay." He politely greeted the organizer who had made the anti-gay comments referenced above. He asked her if she would support a petition to put LGBTQ flags every 20 feet in Swampscott and Lynn. In response, she threatened to pepper spray him as shown on her own recording of the event. At times, he asked people if they wanted to sign a petition in support of gay rights.
- 17. Plaintiff Heidi Olson asked the demonstrators to put up a pro-LGBTQ+ "Pride" flag and called for passers-by to encourage them to do so.
- 18. Plaintiffs each maintained distance between themselves and the other demonstrators and periodically used bullhorns that were not discernably louder than the voices of the demonstrators. They did not impede anyone's passage on the public sidewalks or grass. They were calm and pleasant in the face of anger coming from some of those they were counterprotesting.
- 19. Soon after Plaintiffs arrived, at least one of the demonstrators used a bullhorn, including to amplify the sound of a siren directed at Plaintiffs.
- 20. Upon information and belief, one of the original demonstrators called the police in response to Plaintiffs' presence. MSP officers, led by Defendant Surian, soon arrived and began talking to participants.

4

- 21. Defendant Surian first told Plaintiffs they could not use bullhorns without a permit, which they promptly agreed to stop using.
- 22. Defendant Surian then told Plaintiffs they had to leave the area entirely because they did not have a permit. At one point, he also told the original demonstrators that they could not protest on DCR property without a permit but then allowed them to remain for over an hour.
- 23. Defendant Surian then told Plaintiffs they were not free to leave until they provided their names and contact information in conjunction with using the bullhorns.
- 24. During these interactions, Defendant Surian told one of the demonstrators that he knew the Plaintiffs were engaging in conduct that was "inciting"—presumably referring to the fact they were engaging in a counter-protest that the demonstrators did not appreciate.
- 25. After Plaintiff Picard left the area and returned, Defendant Surian told him that if he did not leave the area, he would issue another citation against him.

Prior Proceedings

- 26. A few days after November 11, Plaintiffs received citations in the mail for allegedly violating the Regulation for "amplified sound device use of w/o a permit." (sic). *See* **Exhibit A** (Picard citation) and **Exhibit B** (Olson citation) (home addresses redacted).
- 27. Two DCR regulations (302 CMR 12.04(28)(e) (the Audio Device Regulation), and 302 CMR 12.04(28)(f) (the Public Address System Regulation)), require advance special permits on public lands for use of certain "audio devices" or "public address systems" with no objective standards to guide enforcement discretion and which do not clearly apply to mere bullhorns.
- 28. These regulations were not cited in the citations Plaintiffs received. The only regulation cited in each citation was the Disorderly Conduct Regulation (302 CMR 12.04(4)).

- 29. 302 CMR 12.04(4) prohibits "disorderly conduct" on DCR-operated public properties, which is defined to include "unnecessary noise offensive to the general public" (with no objective standards to guide enforcement), as well as "use of profanity, vulgar or obscene language, or other language that may incite fighting or harm to DCR personnel or to the public."
- 30. Each citation was on a DCR citation form and indicated each Plaintiff was being fined \$200 for the asserted violation.
- 31. Each citation also said: "If you desire to contest this matter, you may do so by making a written request for a noncriminal hearing, enclosing a copy of this citation, and mailing to the address below WITHIN 21 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS NOTICE."
- 32. Upon information and belief, neither the demonstrator who threatened to pepper spray Plaintiff Picard nor the demonstrator who used a bullhorn were cited for their conduct.
- 33. Plaintiff Olson requested a hearing from DCR by promptly sending a request to DCR in the pre-addressed envelope that came with the citation. On November 23, 2021, Ms. Olson received a letter from DCR informing her that her only avenue for challenging the citation (and purportedly avoiding criminal prosecution) was to seek relief from the Lynn District Court. Exhibit C.
- 34. Contrary to the DCR letter, pursuant to 302 CMR 12.21 "A party who is aggrieved by a DCR decision may appeal such decision in writing within 30 days. Appeals to DCR decisions will be conducted in accordance with M.G.L. c.30A and the regulatory provisions found at 801 CMR 1.00: Standard Adjudicatory Rules of Practice and Procedure."
- 35. In reliance on DCR's communication, both Plaintiffs sent materials to the Lynn District Court saying they wanted to appeal their citations. In response, hearings were scheduled by

the court pursuant to G.L. c. 40, § 21D, even though *on its face* that statute applies only to actions taken pursuant to *municipal* laws, not regulations of state agencies.

- 36. On December 11, 2021, Plaintiff Picard submitted a public records request to the Public Records Officer at MSP, seeking all records and recordings related to the November 11, 2021, incident. A copy of that request is attached as Exhibit D. He never received any response, let alone within 10 business days, in violation of G.L. c. 66, § 10.
- 37. As a result of MSP's failure to comply with the public records law, Plaintiffs did not have access to the police report(s) and other documents related to their citations, which hampered their ability to prepare for the appeals of their citations.
- 38. On March 14, 2022, purportedly pursuant to G.L. c. 40, § 21D, a proceeding was held by a clerk magistrate in the Lynn District Court as to the citations against both Plaintiffs. Both Plaintiffs submitted arguments for why the citations could not lawfully be sustained, but the clerk magistrate nonetheless purported to uphold them. Exhibit E (Olson) and Exhibit F (Picard) (Plaintiffs' home addresses redacted). Upon information and belief, no application for issuance of a complaint against either plaintiff pursuant to the seventh paragraph of G.L. c. 40, § 21D has been made by DCR or MSP, but the threat of further enforcement action remains.
- 39. On March 30, 2022, counsel for Plaintiff Picard alerted counsel for MSP to the issue of MSP's failure to respond to Mr. Picard's public records request. To date, MSP has still not produced any of the documents responsive to the December 11, 2021 public records request.
- 40. Both Plaintiff Olson and Plaintiff Picard intend to protest and/or counter-protest in the future on DCR-operated property. They fear their free speech and due process rights will again be

curtailed as a result of the challenged regulations and processes applied to them in connection with their November 11, 2021 counter-protest.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT 1 – Free Speech and Expression Article 16 of the Declaration of Rights and First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution

- 41. The foregoing allegations are incorporated herein.
- 42. The Disorderly Conduct Regulation is unconstitutional on its face because it is contentbased, not narrowly tailored to achieve a significant or compelling governmental interest, is overly broad, and does not contain standards to guide discretion or give adequate notice of what is proscribed.
- 43. The Audio Device and Public Address System Regulations are unconstitutional prior restraints on speech that cannot be justified, and are facially unconstitutional because they are are overly broad, are not narrowly tailored to achieve a significant governmental interest, and do not contain standards to guide permitting discretion or give adequate notice of what is proscribed.
- 44. Trooper Surian's actions on November 11, 2021, with regard to the Plaintiffs (including but not limited to the order to cease using bullhorns and the order to leave the area) and the issuance of the citations against Plaintiffs are unconstitutional applications of the Regulations.
- 45. The Disorderly Conduct Regulation, the Audio Device Regulation, and the Public Address System Regulation, facially and as applied to Plaintiffs, violate Article 16 of the Declaration of Rights, as amended, and the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

COUNT 2 – Due Process Article 10 of the Declaration of Rights and Fourteenth Amendment to U.S. Constitution

- 46. The foregoing allegations are incorporated herein.
- 47. The Disorderly Conduct Regulation, the Audio Device Regulation, and the Public Address System Regulation are unconstitutionally vague on their face because they fail to give sufficiently clear notice to those potentially subject to them as to what is prohibited, and fail to provide sufficient standards to guide enforcement or permit-granting discretion, particularly with regard to matters of free expression.
- 48. The Regulations failed to give Plaintiffs sufficient notice that their conduct on November 11 was unlawful and therefore are unconstitutionally vague as applied to Plaintiffs.
- 49. The actions of Trooper Surian and the citations, which rely on the challenged regulations, are unconstitutional violations of Article 10 and the Fourteenth Amendment.
- 50. In addition to the foregoing, DCR has denied Plaintiffs the process they are due by failing to afford them an adjudicatory hearing as required by 302 CMR 12.21 and instead directing them to challenge the citations in district court pursuant to an inapplicable statute.

COUNT 3– DCR failure to follow its own regulations Certiorari – G.L. c. 249, § 4

- 51. The foregoing allegations are incorporated herein.
- 52. 302 CMR 12.21 provides that "[a] party who is aggrieved by a DCR decision may appeal such decision in writing within 30 days. Appeals to DCR decisions will be conducted in accordance with M.G.L. c. 30A and the regulatory provisions found at 801 CMR 1.00: Standard Adjudicatory Rules of Practice and Procedure."
- 53. In spite of this language, DCR denied Plaintiffs the right to a DCR adjudicatory hearing and instead indicated their only avenue to appeal was through the district court pursuant to G.L.

c. 40, § 21D, even though on its face G.L. c. 40, § 21D does not apply to citations issued pursuant to state laws or state agency regulations.

54. DCR's failure to comply with its own regulations is unlawful.

COUNT 4 – Massachusetts Civil Rights Act G.L. c. 12, § 111 (as to Trooper Surian in his official and individual capacities)

- 55. The foregoing allegations are incorporated herein.
- 56. By his conduct on November 11, 2021 at the Lynn Parkway, and in issuing the citations against Plaintiffs, Trooper Surian interfered and/or attempted to interfere with Plaintiffs rights to free speech and due process, protected by Articles 16 and 10 of the Declaration of Rights and the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution by means of threats, intimidation or coercion, including by explicitly and/or implicitly threatening to cite and/or arrest them if they did not cease their expressive activities, provide their names and addresses, and leave the public lands on which they were lawfully present.

COUNT 5 – Massachusetts Public Records Law G.L. c. 66, § 10A(c) (as to MSP)

- 57. The foregoing allegations are incorporated herein.
- 58. Plaintiff Picard made a valid public records request pursuant to G.L. c. 66, § 10.
- 59. MSP failed to respond to that request as required by law within 10 business days of Plaintiff's request.

Prayers for Relief

Plaintiffs Michael Picard and Heidi Olson hereby request the following relief:

1. A temporary restraining order directing Defendants to take no further action to enforce or collect the \$200 fines purportedly levied against Plaintiffs, including but not limited to any

action to initiate criminal process in connection with the fines or any further action contemplated by G.L. c. 40, § 21D, pending resolution of this litigation;

- Issuance, after specific request by counsel for Plaintiffs, of a short order of notice as to Plaintiffs' request for a Preliminary Injunction;
- 3. After hearing, issuance of a Preliminary Injunction against Defendants taking any further efforts to enforce or collect the \$200 fines against Plaintiffs, and against continued enforcement of the Disorderly Conduct Regulation, the Audio Device Regulation and/or the Public Address System Regulation against Plaintiffs, with regard to free speech/expressive activities, pending resolution of this litigation;
- 4. A Declaration that the Disorderly Conduct Regulation, the Audio Device Regulation and the Public Address System Regulations are facially unconstitutional with regard to expressive activities, and unconstitutional as applied to Plaintiffs' conduct on November 11, 2021, both as a matter of free speech/expression and due process;
- A Declaration that the November 11th citations cannot be justified by reliance on the Audio Device or Public Address System Regulations because they were not cited in the citations given to Plaintiffs;
- A Declaration that Trooper Surian violated Article 16 and the First Amendment by ordering Plaintiffs to cease using their bullhorns and to leave public lands on November 11;
- A Permanent Injunction against Defendants with regard to continued enforcement of the Disorderly Conduct Regulation, Audio Device Regulation and/or Public Address System Regulations as to any expressive activities by Plaintiffs;
- A Declaration that DCR has failed and is failing to meet its obligations under 302 CMR
 12.21 by not providing an adjudicatory appeal process as required by that regulation with

11

regard to appeals of citations, fines and other enforcement actions pursuant to DCR regulations;

- A Declaration that the district court did not have in this case, and that the district courts or other courts of the Commonwealth generally, do not have jurisdiction under G.L. c. 40, § 21D to hear appeals of citations of alleged violations of DCR regulations.
- 10. A Declaration that Trooper Surian violated the Massachusetts Civil Rights Act by his conduct toward Plaintiffs on November 11, 2021;
- 11. A Declaration that MSP failed to comply with the Massachusetts Public Records Law with regard to Plaintiff Picard's December 11, 2021 request and as reasserted on his behalf on March 30, 2022;
- 12. An award to Plaintiffs' attorneys of attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to G.L. c. 12, § 11I,

G.L. c. 66, §10A, and 42 U.S.C. § 1988;

13. Such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

On behalf of Plaintiffs Michael Picard and Heidi Olson,

Ruth 9. Bourger

Ruth A. Bourquin (BBO #552985) American Civil Liberties Union Foundation of Massachusetts, Inc. One Center Plaza, Suite 801 Boston, MA 02018 617-482-3170 ext. 348 rbourquin@aclum.org

Naomi R. Shatz (BBO #677637) Zalkind Duncan & Bernstein LLP 65A Atlantic Avenue Boston, MA 02110 (617) 742-6020 <u>nshatz@zalkindlaw.com</u> Verification of Complaint – Michael Picard

I, Michael Picard, hereby affirm on this ____ day of May, 2022, under the pains and penalties of perjury, that the factual allegations in this Complaint are true and correct to the very best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Michael Picard

Verification of Complaint - Heidi Olson

I, Heidi Olson, hereby affirm on this $\underbrace{\overset{h}{\overset{h}{}}}_{C}$ day of May, 2022, under the pains and penalties of perjury, that the factual allegations in this Complaint are true and correct to the very best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Heidi Olson

Exhibit A

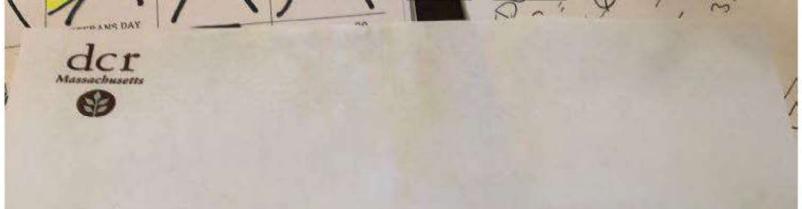
Department of Conservation and NOTICE OF VIOLATI	
Date of this Notice: Agency:	024873
Name of Offender:	011010
Address of Offender:	
City, State, Zip Code:	Date of Birth of Offender
MV Operator License Number: State: MV/MB Reg	istration Number: State
OFFENSE: 350-CMR 302 CMR Rules of Conduct 2.01 (4)	Fine:
Amplified sound Jeur	12 \$ 200
use of w/o permit	\$
Check One Only: WARNING	Total:
DNON-CRIMINAL VIOLATI	ON \$ 200
Time and Date of Violation: (A.M.) (P.M.) ON - -	21
Location of Violation (include city or town):	
AT LYNN Shore DI, C	Cynn .
Ranger/Trooper/Officer	Badge:
I HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE FOREGOID	NG CITATION
X THE	
Dunable to obtain signature of offender. Date Mail	Ind 11-11-21
YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING ALTERNATIV	ES IN THIS MATTER:
Either option (1) or option (2) will operate as with no resulting criminal rec	
(1) You may choose to pay the above fine, either by ap	
a duly authorized agent, or by mailing a check, money address below, WITHIN 21 DAYS OF THE DAY	the second state of the se
(2) If you desire to contest this matter, you may do so for a noncriminal hearing, enclosing a copy of this of	citation, and mailing to
address below, WITHIN 21 DAYS OF THE DA' (3) If you fail to pay the above fine or to request a h	
you fail to appear for the hearing or to pay any fine de due, a criminal complaint may be issue	termined at the hearing
I HEREBY ELECT THE FIRST OPTION above ar	nd enclose payment in
amount of \$	
I HEREBY REQUEST A NONCRIMINAL HEAR	
DO NOT MAIL CASH. Payment shall be made to the Comm sent to DCR, Bureau of Ranger Services, 251 Causew If payment is made after 21 days, this fines is increased.	
PLEASE PEEL OFF TAPE AND FOLD FLAP	TO SEAL ENVELOP

Exhibit B

Department of Conservation and Recr NOTICE OF VIOLATION	eation
Date of this Notice: Agency: 11-11-21 MSP 024	872
Name of Offender: Heisi Olson	
Address of Offender:	
City, State, Zip Code: Date of Bi	rth of Offender:
MV Operator License Number: State: MV/MB Registration N	umber: State:
S78534052 MA N/A OFFENSE: 350 CMR- 500 6302 CMR	Fine:
Rules of conduct 12.04 (4)	\$
Amplified sound device	\$200
use of w/o permit	\$
Check One Only:	\$ 200
Time and Date of Violation: (A.M.) (P.M.) ON 11-11-21	8-10-13
Location of Violation (include city or town):	
AT Lynn Shore Dr. Lynn	
Ranger/Trooper/Officer:	Badge:
HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE FOREGOING CITATION	N
Unable to obtain signature of offender. Date Mailed	11-21
YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING ALTERNATIVES IN THIS Either option (1) or option (2) will operate as a final disp	
with no resulting criminal record. 1) You may choose to pay the above fine, either by appearing in p	person or through
a duly authorized agent, or by mailing a check, money order or p address below, WITHIN 21 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS	ostal note, to the
2) If you desire to contest this matter, you may do so by making for a noncriminal hearing, enclosing a copy of this citation, and address below, WITHIN 21 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS	mailing to the
(3) If you fail to pay the above fine or to request a hearing within a fail to appear for the hearing or to pay any fine determined at due, a criminal complaint may be issued against yo	n 21 days, or if the hearing to be
I HEREBY ELECT THE FIRST OPTION above and enclose p	
nount of \$ I HEREBY REQUEST A NONCRIMINAL HEARING on this	matter
O NOT MAIL CASH. Payment shall be made to the Commonwealth of nt to DCR, Bureau of Ranger Services, 251 Causeway Street, Be payment is made after 21 days, this fines is increased.	Managhuarthan
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Exhibit C



November 23, 2021

Heidi Olson 32 Granite St. Gloucester, MA 01930

DCR Ranger Bureau has received your request for a noncriminal hearing based on the CMR violation you have received. However, this request must be submitted to a court magistrate at the Lynn District Court.

Lynn District Court 580 Essex St. Lynn, MA 01901

(781) 598-5200

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us at (617)626-1419.

Ranger Bureau Services Department of Conservation and Recreation

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS . EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

Department of Conservation and Recreation 251 Causeway Street, Suite 600 Boston, MA 02114-2199 617-626-1250 617-626-1351 Fax www.mass.gov/orgs/department-of-conservation-recreation



Charles D. Baker Governor

Karyn E. Polito Lt. Governor

Kathleen A. Theohandes, Secretary, Exe Office of Energy & Environmental Affair

Stephanie Cooper, Acting Commission Department of Conservation & Recrei

Exhibit D

From: **Michael Picard** <<u>michael@picard.co</u>> Date: Sat, Dec 11, 2021 at 8:18 PM Subject: Public Records Request To: <<u>msp.rao@state.ma.us</u>>

Dear Records Access Officer:

Under the Massachusetts Public Records Act § 66-10 et seq., I am requesting a copy of the following:

1. Any and all recordings and transcripts of calls for service/calls to dispatch on Thursday, November 11th, 2021, between 10am and 1pm, relating to protests/rallies/incidents on Lynn Shore Drive in Lynn, MA.

2. Any and all body cam footage on Thursday, November 11th, 2021, including but not limited to body cam footage from Massachusetts State Trooper Devon Surian out of the Revere barracks, relating to a call for service about protests/rallies/incidents on Lynn Shore Drive in Lynn, MA.

3. Any and all records created, including but not limited to police reports, notes, etc., related to a call for service on Thursday, November 11th, 2021, related to protests/rallies/incidents on Lynn Shore Drive in Lynn, MA.

Please kindly acknowledge receipt that you received this email. Thank you for your time and I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely, Michael Picard 860.306.4955

Exhibit E

CRTR2709-0		MASSACHU LYNN DISTRIC Docket Re	T COURT sport	Italdi	
	2113C1000041 De	e/Bylaw Civil Infracti	FILE DATE:	12/03/2021	
CASE DI CASE DI CASE DI	CODE: 6666666-0 PTION: MISCELLANEOUS ORDINANCE/BYLA SPOSITION DATE:03/14/20 SPOSITION: Disposed	MUNIC W VIOL 22	CASE TRACK: CASE STATUS: STATUS DATE: CASE SESSION	Closed 03/14/2022	
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Defenda Olson, H		012 12.00 PM			
		PARTY CH			Disposition
# Offe	ense Date/ Code	Town	Disp	osition	Date
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		EVEN	TS		
	Session	Event	Res	ult	Resulting Judge
Date	Sal Paris P	Magistrate Hearing	Eve	ent Continued	Hogan
01/26/2022	Clerk Magistrate Session		He	Id	Collins
03/14/2022	Clerk Magistrate Session	Magistrate Hearing			



MASSACHUSETTS LYNN DISTRICT COURT Docket Report

INFORMATIONAL DOCKET ENTRIES						
Date		Description	Judge			
12/03/2021	1	Request for magistrate hearing filed (c. 40 §21D).	1			
12/03/2021		Event Scheduled Event: Magistrate Hearing Date: 01/26/2022 Time: 12:00 PM Result: Event Continued				
12/03/2021	2	Notice sent to parties.	Hogan			
H Ballins		Judge: Hogan, Michael F.				
01/12/2022		Event Resulted: Magistrate Hearing scheduled on:	Hogan			
01/12/2022		Event Scheduled Event: Magistrate Hearing Date: 03/14/2022 Time: 12:00 PM Result: Held				
03/14/2022		Event Resulted: Magistrate Hearing scheduled on: 03/14/2022 12:00 PM Has been: Held Patrick Collins, Presiding	Collins			
3/14/2022		Charges Disposed:: Charge # 1 MISCELLANEOUS MUNIC ORDINANCE/BYLAW VIOL On: 03/14/2022 Judge: Patrick Collins Responsible				
3/14/2022		Misc Entry:	Collins			
		Fine Upheld \$200.00				
		Judge: Collins, Patrick				
14/2022	21/27	Case Disposition Date Entered	Contraction of the second			

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Exhibit F

CASE ACTIO DESC	TYPE: Municipa N CODE: 666666-	al Ordinan 0 LANEOUS	CE/Bylaw MUNIC AW VIOL 022	Civil Infracti	ion & Recre FILE DA CASE T CASE S STATUS	ation v. F TE: RACK: TATUS :	Picard, Michael 12/07/2021 Closed 03/14/2022	
CASE	JUDGE:			PARTI				
Defend Picard,	dant Michael		1					
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	ense Date/ Co	de	Town			Disposition		Disposition Date
/Cha 1 11/11, MISC	7ge 1 /2021 666 ELLANEOUS MU	6666-0 NIC ORE	DINANCE	Lynn E/BYLAW VIO	L	Respon	nsible	03/14/2022
and the state			- And the second	EVENT	rs			
ate	Session	CT CT	Event		- Article	Result	and the second	Resulting Judge
1/26/2022	Clerk Magistrate Session	9	Magistra	te Hearing	a Course	Event C	ontinued	Hogan
14/2022	Clerk Magistrate Session	9	Magistra	ate Hearing		Held		Collins



MASSACHUSETTS LYNN DISTRICT COURT Docket Report

Date	Ref	Description	Judge
12/07/2021	1	Request for magistrate hearing filed (c. 40 §21D).	
12/07/2021		Event Scheduled Event: Magistrate Hearing Date: 01/26/2022 Time: 12:00 PM Result: Event Continued	
12/07/2021	2	Notice sent to parties.	Hogan
		Judge: Hogan, Michael F.	Sur String Francis
01/12/2022		Event Resulted: Magistrate Hearing scheduled on: 01/26/2022 12:00 PM Has been: Event Continued Michael F. Hogan, Presiding	Hogan
1/12/2022		Event Scheduled Event: Magistrate Hearing Date: 03/14/2022 Time: 12:00 PM Result: Held	
14/2022		Event Resulted: Magistrate Hearing scheduled on: 03/14/2022 12:00 PM Has been: Held Patrick Collins, Presiding	Collins
15/2022		Charges Disposed:: Charge # 1 MISCELLANEOUS MUNIC ORDINANCE/BYLAW VIOL On: 03/14/2022 Judge: Patrick Collins Responsible	
15/2022		Case Disposition Date Entered	
15/2022		Misc Entry:	Collins
		Fine Upheld - \$200.00	
		Judge: Collins, Patrick	