EXHIBIT 1

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1
                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                         DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
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 3
     UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
                         Plaintiff,
 4
                                          No. 16-CR-10236-MLW
     vs.
 5
     ROBERT M. PENA,
 6
                         Defendant.
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                    BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARK L. WOLF
11
                    UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
                         REDACTED MOTION HEARING
12
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15
               John Joseph Moakley United States Courthouse
                            One Courthouse Way
16
                        Boston, Massachusetts 02210
17
                               May 13, 2020
18
                                11:45 a.m.
19
20
21
                     Kathleen Mullen Silva, RPR, CRR
                          Official Court Reporter
22
               John Joseph Moakley United States Courthouse
23
                       One Courthouse Way, Room 7209
                        Boston, Massachusetts 02210
                      E-mail: kathysilva@verizon.net
24
25
               Mechanical Steno - Computer-Aided Transcript
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     APPEARANCES:
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 3
              United States Attorney's Office
 4
              AUSA Brian M. LaMacchia
 5
              John Joseph Moakley U.S. Courthouse
              Boston, Massachusetts 02210
 6
 7
              617.748.3126
 8
              for Plaintiff
 9
              Scott Katz Law
10
11
              Scott A. Katz, Esq.
12
              1600 Providence Highway
13
              Walpole, Massachusetts 02081
14
              617.545.4488
              for Defendant
15
16
     Also Present: Stephanie Scannell, Esq.
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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 THE COURT: Do we have a court reporter? 3 THE CLERK: We do, Your Honor. It's Kathy Silva today. 4 5 THE COURT: And do we have all the participants to our knowledge, including the warden and Ms. Bourke? 7 THE CLERK: We are waiting for the defendant and 8 Ms. Bourke and the warden. I will find out if the people in 9 the waiting room with these unknown numbers are possibly the 10 warden. 11 THE COURT: I'm going to ask everybody except the 12 lawyers to turn their pictures off. So they can watch us, but 13 it's distracting to see them. Let's see. There's -- oh, 14 that's just Ms. Silva. Okay. And it will be necessary to 15 prepare the transcript of this on an expedited basis. THE CLERK: Is the full number 978-796-1000 either 16 Ms. Bourke or the warden? 17 Do we have the warden and Ms. Bourke on the line? 18 19 THE COURT: Why don't I ask the attorneys to identify themselves for the record, please, starting with the defendant. 20 21 MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor. Good morning, Scott 22 Katz on behalf of Robert Pena. 23 MR. LaMACCHIA: Good morning, Your Honor, Brian LaMacchia on behalf of the United States. 24 25 THE COURT: You've got an echo there. Is there

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     something you can do about that?
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: Still now? I'm not sure that there's
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     anything I can do about it.
              THE COURT: That's better.
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 5
              Is Mr. Pena on the line?
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              THE CLERK: It doesn't appear that Mr. Pena is on the
 7
     line.
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              THE COURT: Mr. LaMacchia, have you talked to Devens
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     about this hearing?
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: Yes. They're aware of it. I know
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     that the folks at Devens were in contact with the clerk's
12
     office about getting numbers and stuff like that yesterday. So
13
     I anticipate them to be on.
14
              THE COURT: Do you have a telephone number for them?
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Yeah. If I can get off for one
15
     second, if you don't mind, I can try them and see what the
16
     story is.
17
18
              THE COURT: Well, that's fine, because we've got an
19
     11:45 hearing and otherwise I'm going to order them to be into
20
     court this afternoon.
21
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Okay. Yeah. Let me -- if you just
22
     give me a second, Your Honor, I'll call them. Okay?
23
              THE CLERK: Your Honor, the warden is in the waiting
24
     room.
25
              THE COURT: Okay.
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              THE CLERK: Would the person with the phone number
     978-796-1000 identify themselves, please.
 2
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Warden Spaulding is here.
 3
              THE CLERK: Thank you. I will move you to the waiting
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 5
     room.
              THE COURT: Mr. LaMacchia, have you been able to track
 7
     down the defendant?
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: No. I sent a message to my contact at
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     BOP, but I wasn't able to get in contact.
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              THE COURT: Well, here, the warden is on. Could you
    bring him into this, please, Ms. Loret.
11
12
              THE CLERK: Yes, Your Honor.
13
              THE COURT: Mr. Spaulding, are you able to hear me?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
15
              THE COURT: We're waiting for the defendant, Mr. Pena,
16
     and then Ms. Bourke is supposed to be accessible, but not
    participate until whatever questions are put to you are put to
17
18
     you. Do you know where Mr. Pena is?
19
              MR. PENA: We've been here waiting for ten minutes.
20
              THE COURT: Is Mr. Pena with you?
              MR. PENA: Well, this is Mr. Pena. I'm with a
21
22
    Mr. Larkin, but we've been waiting.
23
              THE COURT: And is Mr. Spaulding there?
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              THE DEFENDANT: Not with us.
25
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I'm in my office.
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1 THE COURT: Would Mr. Fick take his picture down, please. I asked everybody to --2 3 THE CLERK: Your Honor, I think the issue is that Mr. Pena and the warden are using the same phone number. 4 5 THE COURT: Well, only one will speak at a time. And 6 is Ms. Bourke accessible when we need her, Mr. Spaulding? 7 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. She's next door. You didn't want me to have any interaction with her. So she's next 8 9 door. 10 THE COURT: Excellent. WARDEN SPAULDING: So I have staff that can bring her 11 12 in if you have a question. 13 THE COURT: Thank you very much. 14 We're here pursuant to my May 7, 11 and 12 orders concerning the continuation of the May 6 hearing on Mr. Pena's 15 motion for an order that he serve the remainder of his 32-month 16 sentence in home confinement, pursuant to 18 United States Code 17 Section 3582(c)(1)(A)(1). 18 19 I ordered the warden, Mr. Spaulding, and his colleague Amber Bourke to be available to testify, but to be sequestered. 20 21 The warden is on the line now, and I'm told that Ms. Bourke is 22 next door. 23 I'm conducting this hearing by video conference with 24 regard to the lawyers and the public. The defendant, Robert 25 Pena, and the Bureau of Prisons personnel are on the telephone

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1
     because I understand that it's not possible to do video with
     the camp at Devens. We're doing this by video and audio
 2
     because most criminal proceedings have been deferred because
 3
     the chief judge of the United States District Court has
 4
 5
     determined that in-court proceedings generally cannot be
     conducted without jeopardizing public health and safety. I
 7
     find this a compelling reason to conduct this hearing by video
     and telephone, because the defendant's, Mr. Pena, liberty is at
 8
     stake. And I understand that Mr. Pena continues to consent to
 9
10
     this procedure after having spoken to his attorney.
11
              Is that right, Mr. Katz?
              MR. KATZ: Yes, Your Honor.
12
13
              THE COURT: And Mr. Pena, do you consent to proceeding
14
     by video and audio?
15
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: I may not have asked this last time.
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     Mr. LaMacchia, has the victim, Ginnie Mae, been informed of
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18
     this proceeding?
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: Yes. I understand that -- I was
20
     unsure whether Paul St. Laurent from Ginnie Mae was going to be
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     able to make it, but they were aware, and they communicated to
22
     me their thoughts and I can share that with the court if you
23
     like.
24
              THE COURT: Thank you. And if there is somebody --
25
     let me ask. Is there anybody from Ginnie Mae on this call,
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either by video or audio?

Apparently not.

If somebody joins and at some appropriate point wants to be heard, I'll permit that, and I'll look forward to hearing from Mr. LaMacchia what I should consider from Ginnie Mae's perspective, in any event.

As I said, there's public access to this by Zoom. I can see there are many members of the public, some members of the public who are observing these proceedings.

Since we adjourned on May 6, I received a number of submissions. I have the joint report that I ordered be filed, which was filed yesterday, Docket 196. I have another memo from the government filed May 11, that's number 189, and certain exhibits, which are 196. I have Ms. Bourke's declaration, Docket No. 189-1. I have the defendant's response to the government's submissions, Docket 199. I have, among other things, the defendant's Bureau of Prisons medical records, 194, I believe. And I have certain Bureau of Prisons policies that have been referenced, and in some instances sent to me, in addition to everything that I had last week.

But is there anything else that I should have received and read since May 6?

MR. KATZ: I do not think so, Your Honor.

MR. LaMACCHIA: No, Your Honor. There is one correction I would like to make to the government's --

1 THE COURT: Hold on just one second.

2 MR. LaMACCHIA: Sure.

THE COURT: You should identify yourself when you're speaking.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Sure. This is Brian LaMacchia on behalf of the government.

I just want to make one correction that has come to light after further review of Ms. Bourke's declaration that I think the government's brief, this is the May 11 response, at page 2 did have an incorrect statement in there that I just want to clarify for the court in case there's any confusion.

In that the government indicated that Devens determined that Mr. Pena's home confinement would present a greater risk of infection compared to Devens, and that was based on my misunderstanding of paragraph 26 of the May 11, 2020, Amber Bourke declaration that was submitted, and that paragraph had dealt with infection rates in and around Mr. Pena's home community.

You know, as the government understands now, after having had more time to review that more carefully and also clarifying that statement with Devens, it's my understanding that Devens has not yet made that determination about Mr. Pena's home environment. The court can discuss this with the warden and Ms. Bourke and ask them as well, but as the government understands it, Devens has to consider that

questions I have.

information per the AG and BOP guidelines, but has not yet done that specifically with respect to Mr. Pena's home environment because he did not meet the criteria as far as how long he has served. And so while -- to the extent that he may come up for home confinement in the future and may be eligible for that, I think what you will hear from the warden and Ms. Bourke is that they would consider that to some extent and you can ask them about how much, but they haven't made that determination as of yet. So I apologize for that misunderstanding. We're moving very quickly obviously and filing a lot of things to be able to address this issue with the court under some challenging circumstances, but I hope that's clear now for the court.

THE COURT: Okay. And that actually relates to

What I propose, I think in the interests of efficiency and fairness and hopefully effectiveness, I have some preliminary questions for the warden. And then I propose to let Mr. Katz and then you to question him, and then to follow up with any remaining questions I have.

Anybody want to be heard on that procedure?

MR. KATZ: I think that's fine.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Your Honor, this is Brian LaMacchia.

I have no problem with that. I think you can ask whatever questions you want of the warden and Ms. Bourke and satisfy yourself with respect to their determinations. You know, I

think what -- one thing that might be helpful, because there's a little bit of a point of maybe ambiguity in the last hearing that this may be my fault, but also just, you know, I want to -- and it may be helpful to sort of discuss, at least at the outset, the framework that BOP is operating under with respect to compassionate release decisions versus home confinement, because I think there's different criteria, and I think it may help streamline things if Your Honor -- I'm happy to talk about that now, but I think it may help streamline some of the questioning to make this a more efficient proceeding.

THE COURT: Well, I understand that the Bureau of Prisons has the sole authority to decide whether or not to permit Mr. Pena, in this case, to serve the remainder of his prison in home confinement. The Bureau of Prisons, it is my understanding, decided not to do that. Well, that hasn't been done.

Then there's the second vehicle, the statute that I've cited, which is generally considered compassionate release.

However, in this case, Mr. Pena's not seeking a reduction in his sentence. He's essentially -- well, I think it would be a reduction in sentence. But he proposes to serve what would otherwise be the remainder of his time in custody in home confinement. So I have that distinction in mind, and then there are certain statutory factors to be considered.

MR. LaMACCHIA: I think that framework is correct.

The only thing I would add is that I think it's helpful to clarify the different guidance, and the warden can tell you this, and Ms. Bourke can tell you this, but the different guidance that they're considering with respect to each.

So in this case, it sounds like Mr. Pena, along with

other inmates, was considered for home confinement, and that was pursuant to various AG memos, the March 26, April 3 one, and other BOP guidance, and that relates specifically to home confinement.

And then he also separately submitted a compassionate release request to the warden, and that's the handwritten denial form that Your Honor was looking at during the last hearing, and is attached to the government's initial opposition. I think it's April 28, 2020, is the date.

THE COURT: Actually, it's April 20. Isn't it?

MR. LaMACCHIA: I'm sorry. 22, I believe.

THE COURT: I don't think so.

Docket 175-1.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Yes. So I think the decision was the 20th and Mr. Pena was informed on the 22nd.

THE COURT: I see.

MR. LaMACCHIA: The distinction I want to make, and I think it's helpful just to guide our discussion, is that for that compassionate release determination, which the Bureau of Prisons also calls a reduction in sentence, or RIS for short,

the guidelines that are animating that, and that BOP is following, is found in the BOP program statement 5050.50. And that's something we submitted yesterday in our filing, which is Docket No. 197, Exhibit E. It's not that much different when you look at it compared to what's in the Sentencing Guidelines Application Note 1 in 1B1.13. Essentially it has to be a serious medical condition or debilitating condition related to age or in the case of a 70-year-old, someone who has served quite a while, more than Mr. Pena, or there's also a provision for incapacitation or death of a family member.

THE COURT: I'm sorry. Go ahead.

I see. So -- and this is not to my -- well, this

I see. So -- and this is not to my -- well, this hasn't been, I think, expressed before. So the Attorney General's March 26 and April 3 memoranda are being interpreted as applying to home confinement only and not to motions under the statute for reductions in sentence?

MR. LaMACCHIA: That's correct, Your Honor. That guidance goes to, and I think the warden can give you his view, of course, but I think that guidance goes to the BOP's determination under maybe various statutes, one of which is 18 U.S.C. 3621.

THE COURT: Well --

MR. LaMACCHIA: The other thing I would point out,
Your Honor --

THE COURT: Hold on just one second.

1 MR. LaMACCHIA: Sure. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead. MR. LaMACCHIA: The other thing I would just point out 3 4 is if you look at the reasons for the April 20 denial of 5 Mr. Pena's compassionate release reduction in sentence, it says in there in the middle of the second paragraph that -- it 7 references those BOP program statement reasons in program 8 statement 50 --9 THE COURT: Hold on a second. Let me get it out of my 10 file. This is the compassionate release notification. 11 ahead. 12 MR. LaMACCHIA: So you'll see there in the second 13 paragraph, it talks about how BOP program statement 14 number 5050.5 compassionate release/reduction in sentence 15 procedures for implementation of 18 U.S.C. 3582(c)(1)(A) provides guidance on the types of circumstances that present 16 extraordinary and compelling reasons, and then goes on to 17 describe those reasons there. 18 19 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Can you say that again? 20 MR. LaMACCHIA: I'm sorry about that. Yeah. 21 So that statement in there, it references BOP program 22 statement 5050.50, and then goes on to list out the reasons in 23 that program statement. And I think the warden can tell you 24 about what he was considering when he made that decision, but

they're the things I talked about before, terminal medical

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     condition, debilitative medical condition, new law elderly
     inmate, someone who, my understanding, is 70 years or older and
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     served an extensive period of time beyond what Mr. Pena served.
              So my point is, I think when you talk to the warden,
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 5
     and you can obviously talk to him and ask him, but I think he's
     going to say that for the compassionate release decision he's
 7
     looking at the program statement. For home confinement
     decisions, he's looking at the AG's memo from March 26 and
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 9
     April 3, as well as BOP guidance.
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              THE COURT: Well, let's see. Mr. Spaulding, are you
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     there?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Do you swear that the testimony you're
14
     about to give will be the truth, the whole truth and nothing
15
     but the truth so help you God?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I do.
16
                        STEPHEN SPAULDING, Sworn.
17
18
              THE COURT: Would you state your full name for the
19
     record, please.
20
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Rear Admiral Stephen Spaulding,
21
     Warden FMC Devens.
22
              THE COURT: And --
23
              MR. KATZ: Excuse me, Your Honor. I hate to
24
     interrupt. But I mean, I'm happy to wait for my turn to ask
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     these questions, but I do think it may inform Your Honor along
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the same lines on the questions that you're going to ask.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you want to say something?

MR. KATZ: Very briefly. It's really just two points in response to some of the things that the government raised.

One is that on the BOP regulation 5050.50, I understand the government to be saying that that is essentially implementing the application statement in the Sentencing Guidelines. The Sentencing Guidelines, however, include a sort of a catchall provision, and that's what we're talking about here. I don't see anywhere in 5050.50 it talks about the catchall provision as opposed to just specific medical -- you know, medical conditions, specific family conditions, or other specific circumstances. By the same token, I don't see consideration of that catchall provision in the warden's decision. So I just wanted to raise that for Your Honor to consider in talking to the warden.

The other point was on the government's statement about -- I guess its misstatement in its memorandum, I appreciate the government's attempt to clarify. To be honest, I'm actually a little bit more confused, because I think the government was essentially suggesting it was misreading

Ms. Bourke 's declaration and suggesting that, you know, sort of reading too much that she didn't say that Mr. Pena was in greater risk of infection at home. But as I read her declaration, page 9, paragraph 26, after she cites the number

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of infections in Falmouth, Barnstable County, she writes,
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     quote, "Accordingly, granting defendant home confinement
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    placement may increase his risk of contracting COVID-19 in
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     contradiction with the Attorney General's guidance." So, I
 4
 5
    mean, I guess, you know, I hear the government saying now they
     haven't made a determination. I mean, it sounds to me like
 7
     they did. I just raise it as I think the government raised the
     issue to clarify things, and at least for me I'm more confused.
              THE COURT: Well, this actually goes to a point --
10
     actually, this gets to something that I wanted to understand
    better, but thank you for pointing that out. Thank you both.
     That's actually a helpful overview.
13
              Okay. Would the witness please state his name again.
14
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Rear Admiral Stephen Spaulding,
     Warden FMC Devens.
15
              THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Spaulding, you heard me
16
     review the documents that have been submitted to me since
17
    May 6. Do you have those documents?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
19
20
              THE COURT: And do you have all of them?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I have a majority of them, I
22
     believe.
23
              THE COURT: Do you have Ms. Bourke's declaration?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: Okay. And do you have my May 7 order?
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1
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I do.
              THE COURT: How long have you been employed by the
 2
     Bureau of Prisons?
 3
              WARDEN SPAULDING: 2002, May 2002.
 4
 5
              THE COURT: When did you first become a warden of some
 6
     facility?
 7
              WARDEN SPAULDING: February of 2014.
 8
              THE COURT: And what facility was that?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: FCI Allenwood, Allenwood,
 9
10
     Pennsylvania.
11
              THE COURT: What was your next position in the Bureau
     of Prisons?
12
13
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Warden at FMC Devens in
14
     January of 2018.
15
              THE COURT: And did you deal with any compassionate
     release motions before the First Step Act, which was in, I
16
     think, December 2018?
17
18
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I do not have a lot of experience
19
     with motions. I get a lot of requests from inmates.
20
              THE COURT: Well, that's actually a better question.
21
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Okay. So to answer your question,
22
     yes.
23
              THE COURT: Did you receive requests prior to the
24
     First Step Act, which removed the requirement that the Bureau
     of Prisons file a motion?
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WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
 1
              THE COURT: And did you ever grant any of those
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 3
     requests?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
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              THE COURT: And did the Bureau of Prisons file
    motions?
 7
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Against my decision?
 8
              THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry. I said -- I'm sorry. I
 9
     said did you ever grant a request? Did you recommend that the
    Bureau of Prisons --
10
11
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              THE COURT: -- file a motion seeking a reduction of
12
     sentence for compassionate reasons, it's often called?
13
14
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: And did the Bureau of Prisons file the
15
    motions?
16
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
17
              THE COURT: And did the judge grant any of those
18
19
    motions?
20
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
21
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. I was told that you've
22
    been away from Devens for at least a period of time since I
     issued my May 7 order, which memorialized what I said orally on
23
24
     May 6. Where were you?
25
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I've been selected as the warden at
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     USP Lewisburg. We had a tornado at FCI Estill, and we received
 2
     953 inmates in two days. So I was there facilitating that
     situation.
 3
              THE COURT: And did you receive my May 7 order while
 4
 5
     you were away?
 6
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
 7
              THE COURT: Did you read it?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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 9
              THE COURT: And what did you do as a result of seeing
     the order?
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11
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I contacted my attorney, and she
     and I had discussions about it just to make sure that I was on
12
13
     point with hopefully this conversation that I was going to have
14
     today with you.
15
              THE COURT: Who is the attorney to whom you are
     referring?
16
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Stephanie Scannell.
17
              THE COURT: Does she work for the Bureau of Prisons?
18
19
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
20
              MR. LaMACCHIA: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I don't mean
21
     to interrupt, but I just wanted -- you might want to ask, I
22
     know that the warden may have been accompanied by one or more
23
     people where he is right now. Just so you're clear about the
24
     circumstances under which he's testifying, given that it's
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     virtual. So I think Ms. Scannell might be there with him.
                                                                 You
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can ask him. And there was a possibility that he was going to
have another person present who might be able to answer some
more specific questions, to the extent you had them, about the
particular camp in case he didn't know the answer. So I just
wanted to make that clear for the record.
         THE COURT: Is there somebody in the room with you,
Mr. Spaulding?
         WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
         THE COURT:
                    Who?
         WARDEN SPAULDING: Ms. Scannell is in the room and
Ms. Hunton, the unit manager for the camp.
         THE COURT: Okay. And if you want an opportunity to
confer with Ms. Scannell, I'll probably permit you to do that.
         So you read my order, is that correct, and you spoke
to Ms. Scannell, right?
         WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
         THE COURT: Then what did you do in response to the
order?
         WARDEN SPAULDING: I re-reveiwed Mr. Pena's request
for home confinement. I got up to speed with Ms. Hunton with
those requests. I reviewed his medical record. I reviewed his
compassionate release request, and I also reread the AG's memo,
as well as our assistant director of reentry services, who put
out guidance for home confinement.
         THE COURT: You said the AG memo singular. Did you
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     read one or more than one?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I'm sorry. I read two. The March
 3
     one and the April.
              THE COURT: And then you said you read something else
 4
 5
     from the Bureau of Prisons. What was that?
 6
              WARDEN SPAULDING: So it's quidance that was sent down
 7
     to all the wardens and unit team for us to be able to determine
    home confinement for inmates that are eligible for home
 8
 9
     confinement, some of the things you have been talking about
10
     today in terms of the justifications for consideration to
11
     review and approve and send up through central office the
12
     request for home confinement.
13
              THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. LaMacchia, is that one of
14
     the documents you submitted to me?
15
              MR. LaMACCHIA: I believe it could be Exhibit C to my
     notice of materials from yesterday. It's a May 8 Bureau of
16
     Prisons guidance on home confinement.
17
              THE COURT: Is that from Mr. Hurwitz?
18
19
              MR. LaMACCHIA: I believe that could be it. I don't
     know. You'll have to ask the warden. But I believe that could
20
21
    be it. He should have this filing, or at least I sent it to
22
     Ms. Scannell.
23
              THE COURT: Just a minute. Exhibit C?
24
              MR. LaMACCHIA: I believe so, yes.
25
              THE COURT: The memo from Hugh Hurwitz.
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              And Mr. Spaulding, did you say you re-reveiwed both
     the request to transfer Mr. Pena to home confinement and the --
 2
     his request for a motion for reduction of sentence?
 3
              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, I -- yes. I re-reveiwed the
 5
     home confinement request, as well as the compassionate release.
              THE COURT: And putting aside Ms. Scannell or
 7
    Mr. LaMacchia, did you speak with anybody else as part of those
     reviews?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.
10
              THE COURT: Did you speak to Ms. Bourke?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.
              THE COURT: Did you communicate to anybody the
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     reasons -- well, did you, again, deny the transfer to home
     confinement and the request for a motion for reduction in
     sentence?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: So the motion for reduction in
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     sentence was done -- let me get the dates, sir.
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              THE COURT: Back in April, last month?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Right. So that was -- the
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     reduction in sentence was the one in April. So there wasn't a
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     new one for that, that I'm aware of.
              And then the home confinement one, the May 8 memo, we
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     re-reviewed Mr. Pena for that, and he still does not meet the
     criteria for home confinement.
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              THE COURT: All right. You have my May 7 order.
                                                                It's
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Docket No. 186, you told me, right? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. Yes, sir. THE COURT: Do you see it says in paragraph 2 that if the parties haven't resolved the matter, you shall by May 11 -and I know when it came in because I wanted to keep this on track, and I'm doing hearings in a range of cases every day. I said I'd accept Ms. Bourke's declaration and speak to you today, but do you see in 1A I directed you to file a declaration stating "Whether in view of developments following denial of Pena's request for compassionate release, and in view of the Attorney General's memoranda to the director of the Bureau of Prisons dated March 26 and April 3, 2020, the warden has decided to transfer Pena to home confinement, or whether the warden has decided to file a motion requesting the court reduce Pena's sentence to time served and modify the conditions of Pena's supervised release to include home confinement for the amount of time that Pena would otherwise have served in custody." Do you see that? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. THE COURT: And did you understand that to mean that I continued the last hearing to give you a chance to make both of

those decisions again in the current circumstances?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. So when I was down in

Lewisburg, I directed Ms. Scannell, my attorney, to get with

Amber -- I'm sorry -- the last name Bourke, Amber Bourke, to do a declaration for me.

THE COURT: Well, you just told me, I believe, a moment ago that you didn't consider a second time whether a motion should be filed for reduction of sentence, and what I understood from what you said is you didn't do that because there hadn't been another request by Mr. Pena. Am I right or wrong in understanding that you did not a second time consider whether to file a motion for reduction of sentence based on current circumstances?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Right. And the circumstances haven't changed in terms of Mr. Pena's medical status, nor having the situation at the camp with COVID-19 or any of those things don't warrant a change to make a declaration to require a situation where I would reduce his sentence for time served.

THE COURT: You mean a motion?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Motion. My bad. Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And is it your understanding that the Attorney General's memos, March 26 and April 3, apply only to exercising your authority concerning home confinement and not to request for motions for reduction in sentence?

WARDEN SPAULDING: So the guidance that I'm getting, that I've gotten with the AG's memo to include, and what I am obligated to follow is the guidance that I get from the assistant director of reentry services of how to adequately

look at each inmate that meets the criteria for consideration of home confinement.

So the AG memo gave a broad spectrum of what we're supposed to do, and our assistant director of reentry services gave us explicit instructions of how to implement his order. So that's what we've been doing.

I'm sorry. Go ahead.

THE COURT: Is there anything in the AG's memo that says an inmate has to have served 50 percent of his sentence or 25 percent of his sentence and be within 18 months of the end of the sentence to be considered on the merits for release?

WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.

THE COURT: Do you have any guidance that tells you that you can't consider the reasons for and the criteria in the Attorney General's memos in deciding whether to file motions for release?

WARDEN SPAULDING: So since the AG's memo in March, and then again in April, we have had multiple -- now I'm going off memory -- but we've had at least six changes to how we're going to view inmates for home confinement. When I say "changes," I mean the memos, like the one that you have that I keep referring to, that is an additional one, the most up-to-date one that we just received May 8.

Prior to that we had other requirements -- many of them have stayed the same, but consistently we've had -- 50

percent has been the marker that our central office wants us to follow, and then the new thing was the 18-month and 24-month to go on the sentence with 18 months. I could read it, but I want to be clear. Oh, there it is. Serve 50 percent or more of their sentence or have 18 months or less remaining on their sentence and have served 25 percent or more of their sentence.

So there's some other criteria in there as well, but in terms of dealing with Mr. Pena, you know, he has not met the 50 percent yet. So because of that, he is not eligible for home confinement. And he hasn't met the 18-month 25 percent.

THE COURT: Do you know when he'll meet that?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Give me just about 30 seconds, and
I can figure that out. Hold on one second. It looks like July
of 2020.

THE COURT: Yeah. That's what the defendant said when I did the calculation with my law clerk. We had late June. But okay. July. So we're talking within the next two months.

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. And what would happen is at that time, when he meets that criteria, then we would review him again, and if he meets the criteria, we would submit him for home confinement.

THE COURT: And then -- just one second. Usually I can have a transcript in front of me, but I don't now. So he'd be eligible, in your view, in July 2020 to be considered for home confinement, right?

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WARDEN SPAULDING: So just to be clear, sir, in July we would submit him for consideration for home confinement, and that's when central office would review the documentation and to double-check to make sure that we are accurate in our request based on the criteria, and then they would approve the home confinement request. I just want to be clear, I am not the approving official for home confinement. I am one step of a few steps to get him to home confinement. THE COURT: If he meets the criteria for home confinement under the Attorney General's directions, you can't approve him for it? WARDEN SPAULDING: I am the recommending official, and then it is submitted up through my command to the regional and central office for the final approval. THE COURT: And this relates to something Mr. LaMacchia clarified for me. So the process concerning motions for reduction in sentence is different than the standards and procedures; is that right? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. THE COURT: And is it your understanding that they're governed by the Bureau of Prisons Program Statement 5050.50? WARDEN SPAULDING: Reduction in sentences, compassionate releases, yes, sir, 5050.50. THE COURT: And that document is dated January 17, 2019 in the version that I have.

Has that been revised since the pandemic hit?
WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.

I can elaborate on that a little, if you'd like.

THE COURT: I'm trying to ponder what's a proper question for you, but sure. This is very helpful. You know, do you have an understanding as to why not?

WARDEN SPAULDING: When we -- when I get a compassionate release request from an inmate or an attorney supporting the inmate or family, they -- I look at it, and I determine what criteria do they currently -- are they currently dealing with right now. So do they have a prognosis of terminal illness, cancer, tumors? Are they in a family situation where they have a loved one that requires -- that cannot work that has -- they need complete care, maybe ADL assistance. They have some kind of situation where they can't care for themselves, and it's been well documented by the request and verified by social workers to determine that there is, in fact, nobody else available to care for a loved one.

And then getting back to the inmate, we look at the prognosis, how much -- their age, how much time they've served on their sentence. So all of these factors we look at to determine if they meet the criteria for me to forward my request for compassionate release. Then if it's approved by the central office, then it's sent to the judge of that defendant -- I'm sorry -- yeah, the defendant for approval to

reduce their sentence or authorize a compassionate release.

THE COURT: And are those the criteria that you used before the First Step Act, and, prior to the First Step Act, it was required that the Bureau of Prisons file a motion before the judge could consider compassionate release?

WARDEN SPAULDING: That's my understanding, sir. I don't think it's changed too much from prior to the First Step Act to current. I think some of it now is pushed where we review all inmates that are at a certain age, and then also apply the medical criteria in terms of are they -- do they have medical issues and things of that nature that would rise to the level of a compassionate release motion.

THE COURT: Well, the law has changed in a way that's material for the purposes of this hearing -- well, two ways. And one we've mentioned, and that is that an inmate can file the motion himself in certain circumstances. But it adds something to the criteria. This is what Mr. Katz, Mr. Pena's lawyer, was referring to, a section that says that the judge can order release for extraordinary and compelling reasons, which is also in the guidelines. And the guidelines haven't been amended since the First Step Act, Mr. LaMacchia, to comply with the statute because the Sentencing Commission doesn't have a quorum. This is really a potentially significant misunderstanding, but I'll discuss this with the lawyer.

Let me ask you this: So am I right in understanding

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     that you felt because, you know, Mr. Pena -- you know,
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     essentially you made the decision with regard to the request
     for reduction in sentence based on the same criteria that you
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     would have before the pandemic; is that right?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              THE COURT: And you didn't consider, for the purpose
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     of that motion, whether the COVID-19 pandemic constituted
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     extraordinary and compelling circumstances that would justify
 9
     release?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.
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              THE COURT: I'm pausing to make a note.
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              Okay. I think you said you read Ms. Bourke's
     declaration, her affidavit. Is that right?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir, I have it with me.
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              THE COURT: And do you agree with the statements in
     it?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I have it here.
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              THE COURT: You read it. Do you agree with what it
19
     says?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
21
              THE COURT: And does it require any corrections from
22
     your perspective?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir. She's my technical
24
     expert.
25
              THE COURT: And do you think it leaves out anything
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that might be important?

WARDEN SPAULDING: I can't really speak to that because if it's in reference to a question that wasn't asked, I'm not -- as I read it, it pretty much sums up the -- not only the institution, but also how we do what we do and also related to the First Step Act. So I feel pretty confident in what I read that it's very accurate, and I don't think anything was left out.

THE COURT: Am I -- okay. So with regard to the reduction in sentence, I think you just told me this, you denied that request in April because the guidance -- the requirements set forth in CFR Section 5050.50 weren't met, correct?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. I do have a number of other questions, but I have a feeling Mr. Katz and Mr. LaMacchia will cover many of them. So I think I'll let Mr. Katz go, and then Mr. LaMacchia, and then we'll see if any of mine are left, or if I have more.

Mr. Katz.

MR. KATZ: Sure. Thank you, Your Honor.

So I'm just going to start by following up on a couple of the questions that Judge Wolf asked. Okay?

One is I believe Judge Wolf was asking you questions about whether or not you had reconsidered decision on home

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     confinement and compassionate release. Do you remember those
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     questions?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: And I thought I heard you say that your
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     decisions haven't changed because circumstances haven't
 6
     changed. Is that correct?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Based upon his medical history,
 8
    based upon his criteria for home confinement considerations,
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     those things have not changed.
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              MR. KATZ: And I thought you said that the conditions
11
     at FMC Devens also haven't changed. Is that right?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: The conditions at FPC Devens has
13
    not changed.
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              THE COURT: I'm sorry. Say that again. At what?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: The camp conditions have not
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16
     changed.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
              MR. KATZ: Now, my understanding is yesterday FMC
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     Devens reported two new COVID-19 infections, one with an inmate
20
     and one with staff. Is that right?
21
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Correct.
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              MR. KATZ: So the number -- how many current active
     cases does FMC Devens have?
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24
              (Pause.)
25
              Warden, this is not data that you have ready at your
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     fingertips?
              THE COURT: Mr. Spaulding, this is Judge Wolf. Are
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 3
     you still there?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Sorry about that. I had it on
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 5
    mute.
              So we've had two active cases on the restrictive
 7
     housing unit for the mentally ill, and the staff member that
 8
     worked on that unit tested positive. So I don't have -- I
 9
     continue to test inmates to determine how many positives I have
10
     inside the institution. Currently right now we have zero at
11
     the camp.
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              MR. KATZ: That you know of?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: That I know of.
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14
              MR. KATZ: I'm sorry. There were two active cases in
     the restricted housing unit?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: There's two -- at this institution
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     there's two restricted housing units. There's the general
17
     population restricted housing unit, and there is a secure
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    mental health unit restricted housing unit. Those are the ones
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     that are severely mentally ill that cannot be in open
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     population or cannot have a celly, a roommate.
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              MR. KATZ: So where are the infections then? There's
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     one in each? I'm sorry. I just didn't --
24
              WARDEN SPAULDING: So the staff member's at home,
25
     quarantining at home, and then the inmates were on that unit,
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1 in the restricted housing unit for the secure mental health 2 unit. 3 MR. KATZ: So both inmates are in that unit and there's a staff member at home? 4 5 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 6 Just to be clear, because these are our first 7 positives, we have begun testing inmates inside the institution 8 to identify any other positive inmates that we might have. 9 MR. KATZ: Now, one of the advantages of doing this, 10 you know, from home is that I can look at the Internet at the 11 same time, and as I'm looking at the Bureau of Prisons website, 12 it's reporting that there's two members, two staff members who 13 have tested positive, and one inmate. You said it was two 14 inmates and one staff. 15 WARDEN SPAULDING: So they update that website every 16 day at 3:00. 17 MR. KATZ: Okay. 18 WARDEN SPAULDING: So that was as of yesterday. 19 that staff member that you're talking about should have -- it should have fallen off because she's back to work. She tested 20 21 positive out in the community, and she never came to work until 22 she was tested, and then she was cleared to come back to work. So she never was in the institution with COVID. 23 24 MR. KATZ: So let me -- I just want to make sure that

I have the numbers clear. Tell me if this is right. There's

two active inmate cases. One active staff member case, one inmate who has died, and one staff member who has recovered. Is that correct?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yeah, that sounds right. But to be clear on the death, that inmate had terminal cancer, who had surgery, went out to the hospital, contacted COVID, came back to our inpatient, requested hospice because of the surgery of his cancer tumor, and chose to have comfort measures only. However, he did have COVID. So the central office asked us to document that as a positive COVID death.

MR. KATZ: Now, do you remember Judge Wolf was also asking you questions about -- what I've been calling sort of the 50/25 rule, that to be considered for home confinement, inmates have to have served 50 percent of their sentence or 25 percent of their sentence with less than 18 months remaining?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.

MR. KATZ: Now, you mentioned that there have been at least six changes to how inmates have been considered for home confinement, and I thought I heard you say that it has always been the case, or I think you used the words consistently been the case that at least 50 percent of a sentence needed to have been served, and then the 25 percent rule was added later. Is that right?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir, that sounds right. And don't -- when I said "six," I'm going off memory here. I can

get you the exact number, but I can pretty much attest that it's been definitely more than five changes. It could be even more than that, but what has been inconsistent is the 50 percent rule.

MR. KATZ: Okay. So are you aware of any inmates from FMC Devens either in the camp or at the medical facility who have been put on home confinement that have not satisfied those standards?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Without doing some research, I can get you that, but I can't definitively say off the top of my head to be able to answer that question.

MR. KATZ: Well, is it fair to say then it's possible in some cases those standards are not being followed?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. I would agree that there's probably one or two that didn't -- that maybe did not, but I don't -- I wouldn't know unless I researched that.

MR. KATZ: And is it your understanding that that's true not just at the FMC Devens but across the Bureau of Prisons?

WARDEN SPAULDING: I'm sorry. I can't speak to other institutions that I don't work at. So I don't know what comes across the warden's desk in terms of justifications for home confinement. I just go with what I currently have in front of me in terms of my inmates that I manage. There are exceptions. In the April 22 home confinement criteria that my assistant

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     director of reentry services sent out, and if you like I can
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     read that to you.
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              THE COURT: Actually, let me interject here a moment.
     This is Judge Wolf. You mentioned chain of command before.
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 5
     Now that you're in the Department of Justice, who's at the top
     of your chain of command?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: The director of the Bureau of
 8
     Prisons.
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              THE COURT: Who's above him or her?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: The Attorney General.
              THE COURT: Right. And if you got an order from the
11
     Attorney General and an inconsistent order from the Bureau of
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     Prisons, what would you do? Which would you feel obliged to
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14
     follow?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Right. So that's where our
15
     assistant directors receive that direction from the Attorney
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     General and from -- and then our director, and develop criteria
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     that would meet the needs of releasing inmates to home
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19
     confinement. So we follow that criteria.
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              THE COURT: Well, do you remember that the Attorney
21
     General wrote the April 3 memo, "Now that I've exercised my
22
     authority under the CARES Act, your review should include all
23
     at-risk inmates, not only those who were previously eligible
     for transfer"?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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THE COURT: And you don't think -- you don't think
that that was the Attorney General communicating to the Bureau
of Prisons that it shouldn't use the 50/25 rule anymore?
should evaluate all at-risk prisoners?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Right.
        THE COURT: Yeah. Who do you consider to be -- how
would you describe an at-risk inmate?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: So an at-risk inmate would be -- I
would follow the CDC guidelines and some of the criteria that
are written there, we are following to include anybody over the
age of 65, if they have pulmonary issues, cardiac issues, heart
conditions, I think I said, a BMI above 40.
        THE COURT: Right. Pause on that one.
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Okay.
        THE COURT: What was Mr. Pena's BMI? What's "BMI"
stand for?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Body mass index.
        THE COURT: What was Mr. Pena's body mass index when
he came into the Bureau of Prisons in October 2019?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: So I know, going off memory, he was
290, and then he's lost 50 pounds, and his BMI now currently is
in the low 30s, I think 31 percent.
        THE COURT: Actually, this is significant. And this
is helpful, because I've been looking for this. Why do you say
he lost 50 pounds and his BMI is in the low 30s?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Because I was looking at his BEMR
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     records prior to this, and --
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              THE COURT: I'm sorry. Looking at what?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: The Bureau Electronic Medical
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 5
     Records, his medical records. During his arrival at Devens, he
     was 290 pounds. He's had bilateral hip replacements, and in
 7
     some of the documentations he was reporting that he's been
     losing weight. He's been running -- I'm sorry, not running --
 8
 9
     walking the track as many as 18 times, and those kinds of
10
     things have contributed to a really significant weight loss
11
     that he should be proud of.
12
              THE COURT: Well, here, let's pause. Mr. LaMacchia,
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     are those the records that you gave me under seal yesterday?
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: That's my understanding, Your Honor.
15
              THE COURT: Because last week I was told, but I
     didn't -- I've looked at these records, but I haven't read all
16
     of them. I was told that Mr. Pena now weighed over 300 pounds.
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18
     Did you tell me that last week, Mr. Katz?
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              MR. KATZ: The declaration -- can you hear me?
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              THE COURT: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: The declaration Mr. Pena filed, I believe
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22
     he said he was 297 pounds.
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              THE COURT: Two hundred what?
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              MR. KATZ: I believe he said he was 297 pounds upon
25
     arrival. The last time he weighed himself, he was 307 pounds.
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     I did see in the medical records that the government submitted
     vesterday suggesting that Mr. Pena's -- I think it was 243
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    pounds. I did briefly discuss it with him yesterday. He
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     doesn't remember being weighed, but at the same time -- but at
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 5
     the time that they weighed him, he has no reason to dispute
     that that number is wrong. I think he's --
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              THE COURT: You mean he has no reason to dispute that
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     it's right?
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              MR. KATZ: I'm sorry. I misspoke. He doesn't doubt
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     that 243 was correct at the time. He certainly was aware that
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     he lost weight. I think he was honestly surprised that it was
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     that much. You know, again, I mean, I appreciate the -- you
13
     know, the concerns that the issue raises.
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              THE COURT: Why didn't you tell me that earlier?
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              MR. KATZ: I'm sorry. Say it again.
              THE COURT: Why didn't you tell me earlier that when
16
     you told me last week he was over 300 pounds, you now know that
17
18
     was wrong?
19
              MR. KATZ: I apologize, Your Honor. I should have.
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     To be honest, I was waiting for obesity to come up in the
21
     hearing. I know it was an issue Your Honor was interested in
22
     and certainly was going to address it.
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              THE COURT: Well, it's a significant issue because if
24
     you're over 300 pounds, it appears, from what I understand,
25
     that his BMI would be, you know, like 39 something, almost 40.
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     And 40 is considered by the CDC severe obesity, and then given
    his age, which still is a significant factor, but his age plus
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     obesity, you would argue would put him in a high risk category,
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     you know, just the type of person the Attorney General wanted
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 5
     the Bureau of Prisons, if other criteria were met, to be
     released. But if it's just age, the analysis may be different.
 7
              MR. KATZ: I appreciate that, Your Honor. I guess
     what I would suggest is, even at his current weight -- first of
 8
 9
     all, that number is from March. I don't know what his current
10
     weight is. We're two months later now. Even at that weight,
11
     he's still considered obese. He's not bordering severely
12
     obese.
13
              THE COURT: All right. But why don't you continue
14
     with your questions. We'll come back.
15
              MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: But I'm trying to get accurate information
16
     so I can make a properly informed decision. Go ahead.
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18
              MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
19
              Warden, do you remember Judge Wolf was asking you some
20
     questions about the criteria you considered in assessing
21
     Mr. Pena's compassionate release request?
22
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. KATZ: And I understood you to say that you did
24
     not consider the current pandemic in evaluating that request.
25
     Is that correct?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: That's correct.
              MR. KATZ: So is that true for all inmates who submit
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     a compassionate release request at FMC Devens?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. KATZ: Do you know whether or not that's -- has
 6
     the Bureau of Prisons or the Department of Justice offered any
 7
     quidance on that?
 8
              WARDEN SPAULDING: They said to not use COVID-19 as a
 9
     sole determination of reduction in sentence or compassionate
10
     release.
11
              MR. KATZ: Okay. But so it can be considered? It
12
     just can't be the sole determination?
13
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I don't consider COVID-19 as part
14
     of the criteria for reduction of sentence or compassionate
15
     release based on the 5050.50 program statement.
              MR. KATZ: And, again, is that based on guidance
16
     you've been given from the Department of Justice or the Bureau
17
18
     of Prisons, or is that just your reading of what 5050.50
19
     requires?
20
              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir. It's based on guidance
21
     from central office.
22
              MR. KATZ: Is there a particular document that
23
     contains that quidance?
24
              WARDEN SPAULDING: One second.
25
              I don't have it with me. I'd have to research that.
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THE COURT: All right. Mr. LaMacchia, why don't you 1 2 get that for us, please. 3 MR. LaMACCHIA: I will, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: As soon as possible. 5 MR. LaMACCHIA: Okay. MR. KATZ: Now, you testified earlier that there's 6 7 been a couple of new inmate cases. Is that correct? 8 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. 9 MR. KATZ: And what actions has FMC Devens taken in 10 response to these new cases? 11 WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, we've started modifying our 12 operation back when the convention center had those positive cases in the first week of March. So around the middle of 13 14 March, we've modified our operation to basically quarantine the housing units to themselves. We've modified all schedules. 15 We've canceled pretty much every outside medical trip. If 16 anybody looks sick, we quarantine them, and we test them. 17 18 they test positive, then we isolate them in a single cell, and 19 staff are protected with PPE and inmates are not permitted to 20 have contact with that inmate and they're behind a locked door. 21 We actively screen every single inmate in the 22 institution and the camp seven days a week. We started masking inmates and staff in the middle of March. And we town hall and 23 24 communicate with inmates on a regular basis to ensure that they 25 know that there's transparencies with what we're doing here at

Devens.

We do grab-and-go for dinners, and now we're feeding on the unit. We do medical appointments on the units. We do -- all programming has been canceled, and we try to create as much social distancing as we can within the units, as best we can with the current population that we have.

MR. KATZ: I'm going to circle back to some of the things you said, but, first of all, you said that a lot of these actions were taken, you know, starting months ago; is that correct?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.

MR. KATZ: So even despite all those actions, just yesterday you had three new cases at FMC Devens; is that correct?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.

MR. KATZ: My original question was more geared toward what actions have you taken in response to the new cases? Is there a lockdown or anything like that going on as a result of new cases?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. I have enhanced the modified operation to a complete lockdown, yes. But not at the camp.

MR. KATZ: All right. So, I mean, could you describe, I guess, in a little more detail what that entails?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. So inmates are -- so inmates are assigned to their cells. They are locked in their cells,

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and they are brought their food, and we have setting up laundry and commissary schedules, and we have begun testing the inmate population for all of the inmates that we have identified using our infectious disease coordinator and team to identify the inmates that were in close proximity to the positive cases to ensure that -- we hope that we can capture any inmate that tests positive so that we can move them off the unit and isolate them so that we can watch them closely and provide medical care if they need it. MR. KATZ: But you said you have not imposed a lockdown at the camp? WARDEN SPAULDING: That's correct. The camp inmates do not have contact with the inmates on the inside. And so we have no active cases of COVID at the camp at this time, and that's why I kept it normal operations with some modified scheduling, as we've had --THE COURT: Let me ask a question here. Are you the warden of both the camp and the medical facility? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. THE COURT: And do you spend time at both locations? WARDEN SPAULDING: I spend -- I do rounds in both locations, yes. THE COURT: And is there -- are there any other staff members that spend sometime in the medical facility and some time at the camp?

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WARDEN SPAULDING: The unit team are assigned to the camp, and I have a unit officer -- a camp officer that I have requested through the custody roster, the captain, to try to keep those staff assigned to the camp and not bringing them inside. THE COURT: But from time to time do staff members go from the camp to the medical facility or the medical facility to the camp, at least up until a couple days ago? WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir. I asked the captain to modify the roster back in March to try to keep as many officers assigned to the camp and not bring them inside. Now, if there's overtime things and people that call out sick, then there is -- I cannot definitively say with a hundred percent accuracy to you today that my correctional officers that were inside did not go outside and work. However, every staff member is screened prior to their shift. THE COURT: Are any staff members at the camp tested? WARDEN SPAULDING: None of the staff at the camp have been tested, no. THE COURT: I'm sorry. No staff member at the camp have been tested? Is that what you said? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. THE COURT: So when you say they're screened, what is the screening? WARDEN SPAULDING: You know what, sir, let me circle

back. I believe was tested, and he was negative.

THE COURT: Okay. Why was that person tested?

WARDEN SPAULDING: He had a fever. He had flu-like symptoms. So err on the side of caution. We captured that in a staff screening, and so

We captured that fever during the active screening process, which happens in the front lobby off the FMC. And then before they go to their work assignments, they check in there. We actively screen them, ask them questions related to COVID, as well as take their temperature. That's where

had a fever, and said he had some flu-like symptoms. So we sent him home, and err on the side of caution, we asked him to go get tested, and he did, and he was negative.

THE COURT: When you say you ask them some questions in addition to taking their temperature, what questions are they asked?

WARDEN SPAULDING: I can tell you -- just give me one second. I'll give you exactly what these questions are.

Okay. So we check their temperature. We ask them if they're short of breath. Do they have a cough? If they do have a cough, is it dry? Is it congested? Is it sputum production? Is it a new onset or chronic cough? Do you have nasal congestion? Do you have a history of seasonal allergies? Have you traveled in the past 14 days out of the geographical

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    area? Have you been in close contact with anybody with a
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     diagnosis of COVID-19 illness within the past 14 days? And
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    have you been deployed to an institution or some other location
    based upon your job where there was active COVID cases in the
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 5
     institution or wherever they were deployed to? And then we
    check their temperature.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Hold on just one second.
8
    looking. All right.
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              Is it your understanding that some people infected
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    with the virus are asymptomatic and, therefore, may not have a
11
     fever or cough, for example?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: But am I right in understanding that
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14
     you're not doing any testing at the camp to see if there's
15
     somebody who's infected but asymptomatic?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: That's correct, sir.
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              THE COURT: Have you considered that that could be
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     dangerous, particularly to high-risk people at the camp?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
20
              THE COURT: Is there a reason you don't do the
21
    testing?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. It's resources.
                                                             The
23
    Bureau of Prisons, specifically the medical centers around the
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    country, we are getting tests now. They come once a week.
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    We've just started receiving them. Last week we got a
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hundred -- I think we got 90. Today, I got 120. Tomorrow, I'm
getting 250. Then each week thereafter I get an initial 250.
So because I have the positive cases inside the institution and
the most medically compromised inmates within the FMC, within
the confines of the prison, those are my priority right now.
         THE COURT: All right. Mr. Katz, you can keep going,
although at some point I'm going to want you to -- well, keep
going.
        MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
         I thought I heard you say -- I just want to be
clear -- that it's certainly possible that staff could go back
and forth between the medical building and the camp; is that
right?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
        MR. KATZ: And, in fact, the staff who are assigned to
the camp report to the medical building every morning, is that
right, and whenever they're reporting for work, I guess?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: They report to the front lobby,
yes.
        MR. KATZ: And they report there, because that's where
they get screened, among other things, correct?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: They get screened in the front
lobby.
        MR. KATZ: Okay. And inmates as well also go to --
inmates from the camp also go to the main building, correct?
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WARDEN SPAULDING: The inmates that work in the administrative building go into the front lobby to be screened, and our staff at the 4:00 count go out to the camp and do temperatures at the 4:00 count.

MR. KATZ: So the inmates who work at the building go to the lobby to get screened in the same location where staff who have come from outside the camp to be screened are coming; is that right?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Not at the same time, but yes.

MR. KATZ: But they do go to the main building to report for work during the day?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.

MR. KATZ: And during their duties in the main building, inmates from the camp would come into contact with staff who work in the main building?

WARDEN SPAULDING: So when you say -- yes. They come in contact, but I would argue that the social distancing is a priority here inside the admin. building. So their responsibilities are to clean the bathrooms and the trash. That's pretty much all they do. Mop and sweep and things like that. But they're not supervised by staff. They have -- they know what their responsibilities are. Each inmate goes through an orientation before they get their job, and they're told what to do, and then they pretty much do it independently. Then they report back to the camp upon completion of their

assignments.

MR. KATZ: So you said the inmates who were screened at the main buildings are not screened at the same time as staff who are screened at the main building. Is that right?

WARDEN SPAULDING: That's right.

MR. KATZ: What about the staff at the camp? Are they also screened separately from the staff who work in the main building?

WARDEN SPAULDING: It depends on their start time. So primarily our main shift for unit team is 7:30 to 4:00. So they would come in during that time to be screened. So to answer your question, yes, it's possible that we would have people getting screened. We create social distancing within the screening site. So they would come in, stand in line, wait for the provider to ask them to come up next for their temperature and to ask those questions.

MR. KATZ: And when staff are waiting to be screened, are they wearing masks?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Some are, some are not. Some receive their mask when they get there.

MR. KATZ: Now, you said one of the questions that was asked during screenings had to do with staff who may work at other facilities.

WARDEN SPAULDING: So we have a public health service core that work here. We have -- I think we're at 32 officers

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that are nurses, pharmacists, PAs, dentists, social workers.
They are public health service officers, and there are times
when we deploy them to hot zones like other institutions.
before they return to FMC Devens, they are quarantined for 14
days.
         MR. KATZ: Now, you said that there was --
        got tested, and his test came back negative.
                                                       When
was he tested?
         WARDEN SPAULDING: About a month ago, maybe three
weeks ago.
        MR. KATZ: Now, earlier you talked about some of the
measures that have been taken since March. You talked about
quarantining units, grab-and-go dinners, things like that. Do
you remember those statements?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
        MR. KATZ: Now, the measures that you were describing,
those apply just to the medical facility or to the camp as
well?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: To the medical facility. The camp
is -- they eat in their dining hall. We do -- we have them --
we split them in half.
        MR. KATZ: So roughly speaking, about 50 people eating
together at a time?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: That's about right.
        MR. KATZ: Forty-five, 50 people?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I think so. I think the camp
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    population right now is around 90. I think -- let me be clear.
 3
     How do we separate?
              So we split the sides of the camp. One side would go
 5
     first. They'll eat. And when they're done, then we do the
     second side.
 7
              MR. KATZ: Now, earlier I heard you use the term
     "social distancing." Is that term you're familiar with?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
10
              MR. KATZ: What's your understanding of what social
11
     distancing means?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, there's multiple definitions.
12
     If you're out in the community, it's easier to socially
13
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     distance in the community. But at a prison setting, you do the
    best you can with trying to create as much social distancing as
15
    possible. So the expectation is through multiple town halls
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     and the information we've provided, they do the best they can
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     with trying to separate themselves at least at six feet.
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              MR. KATZ: So it sounds like you would agree that
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     social distancing is difficult in the penal setting; is that
21
     right?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. KATZ: Would you agree in a setting like the camp,
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     social distancing is impossible?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I wouldn't say it's a hundred
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percent impossible. I'd say that we do the best we can with
some of the things to create as much space as possible. So I
would say that we try. I wouldn't say that it's ideal and
rises to the level of community standards because of the space.
        MR. KATZ: Well, I mean, could you describe the
sleeping conditions in the camp at FMC Devens?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: So there are cubicles. There are
two main cubicles.
        MR. KATZ: And how are they arranged?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: There's cubicles. So there's a
berthing area, or common area where they sleep. And there's
four hallways -- five hallways within this open space, and
these hallways are created by the cubicles, where these
locations are of the cubicles. So I would say that cubicles
are side by side down the hallway and then to the right. And
then everything above the cubicle is open area, if that makes
sense.
        MR. KATZ: I think it does, but I'll try and ask some
questions to clarify it.
         So when you say "in open space," essentially the
inmates in the camp are all sleeping in one room together?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Yeah, one big berthing area, yup.
        MR. KATZ: And the cubicles, you said they don't go to
the ceiling. How high do they go?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: I'd say probably six and a half,
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     seven feet.
              MR. KATZ: And how high is the ceiling?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Probably 30 to 40 feet.
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              MR. KATZ: Now, when an inmate lays his head down and
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 5
     goes to sleep, how far away is that inmate sleeping from other
     inmates?
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 7
              WARDEN SPAULDING: They were instructed to, based on
 8
     CDC guidelines for correctional services, the best approach for
 9
     open units like that is to do head-to-toe for the top bunk
10
     gentlemen. They're in a lower bunk and an upper bunk. So the
11
     upper bunk guys are head-to-toe from the cubicle next to them,
12
     if that makes sense.
13
              THE COURT: I'm not sure I understand that. So for
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     many people, although maybe not Mr. Pena, there are two people
     in a cubicle, correct?
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16
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: And then -- and they're in bunk beds,
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18
     correct?
19
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: Do I understand it's recommended that one
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21
     have his head above the toes of the other?
22
              WARDEN SPAULDING: So to be -- so when you read the
23
     CDC quidelines, they primarily are asking us to -- the top
24
     bunks are the ones that are the most problematic. The bottom
25
     -- let me back up.
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So the cubicle area, you have two inmates that are separated by the actual bunk bed itself. But on the top bunk, if you and I are living in the camp together, and we're both in the top bunk next to each other, my cubicle is next to your cubicle, then the CDC recommends that your head is on one side of the mattress away from me on the top bunk. So we are footto-head, if you will, on the top bunk.

THE COURT: Thank you. That's helpful.

But the cubicles have no ceilings; is that right?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Katz, do you have much more?

MR. KATZ: To be honest, I actually do have quite a

bit more, Your Honor. I mean, I've covered some of it sort of

14 out of order.

THE COURT: Okay. Let me do this, because the warden's got a lot of responsibilities: I have some questions. Mr. LaMacchia will have some questions. If I take about a 30-minute break so people can eat lunch, or if you wanted it to be a little longer, Mr. Spaulding, so you could do some other things, I could make it 45 minutes or something. And then, you know, I'd like to complete your testimony. It may not be necessary to hear from Ms. Bourke. But this is very helpful. I know you've got a class action lawsuit. I think some of the lawyers in that class action are listening in. So this record

may be important not just to this case, but I'm going to take a

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     lunch break.
              Mr. Spaulding, would you like 30 minutes or 45 minutes
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 3
     or more?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Sir, I'm available to you, sir. So
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     30 minutes is fine.
              THE COURT: You are. All right, because now it's
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     1:30. Let's see. We also have a court reporter, who's working
    hard under challenging conditions. We'll resume at 2:15, about
 8
     45 minutes. Okay?
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10
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Sir, do you want me to call in --
              THE COURT: What's that?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I'll just call in like I did?
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              THE COURT: Ms. Loret, is that correct?
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14
              THE CLERK: Yes. And we will just identify you when
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     you call in, yes, because you're using the same phone number as
    Mr. Pena and Ms. Bourke, but you will just have to identify
16
    yourself when you call in.
17
18
              THE COURT: Let me ask you this, Mr. Katz:
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    Mr. Pena file something that addresses his weight?
20
              MR. KATZ: He filed -- his original -- yes.
21
     initial declaration that attached to our motion -- I'll find
22
     you the document number in a moment.
23
              THE COURT: Hold on a second. So here's his motion.
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              MR. KATZ: Number 171.
25
              THE COURT: Yeah. I have 171, and I have 171-2. For
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     some reason I don't have 171-1, which is probably his
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     declaration.
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              MR. KATZ: It is.
              THE COURT: I'll ask my law clerk to email it to me,
 4
 5
     please.
              MR. LaMACCHIA: He filed another declaration at
 6
 7
     document number 184 that addressed the same issue.
 8
              THE COURT: 171-1 and 184?
 9
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Correct.
10
              THE COURT: Just one second.
11
              MR. KATZ: Your Honor, I refiled the declaration when
12
     I received the signed copy from Mr. Pena.
13
              THE COURT: Well, oddly I'm not laying my hands on it.
14
     I'm sure I have it in one of my files.
15
              Okay. But if my law clerk who has primary
     responsibility for this case would email me the two
16
17
     declarations, I will look at them over the break. All right.
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              Court is in recess to 2:15.
19
              And do we use the same link, Ms. Loret?
20
              THE CLERK: Yes. You don't even have to sign out,
21
     Your Honor. You can just stop your video and mute it, if you'd
22
     like.
23
              THE COURT: I may want to use my computer for other
24
     reasons. So I can click on the same thing?
25
              THE CLERK: Yes, it's the same link.
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              THE COURT: All right. Thank you all very much.
 2
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Thank you.
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     (A recess was taken 1:30 p.m. to 2:17 p.m.)
              THE COURT: Good afternoon. I think Mr. LaMacchia is
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 5
     on there somewhere, but I don't see him.
 6
              MR. KATZ: Before we resume -- I apologize, I meant to
 7
     ask this before the lunch break -- would it be possible for me
     to confer with Mr. Pena for a few moments?
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 9
              THE COURT: You can do that right now.
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              MR. KATZ: Thank you.
              THE COURT: I would have had you do it earlier.
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12
              MR. KATZ: I apologize.
13
              THE COURT: It's okay. Ms. Loret, will you put them
14
     in a breakout room.
15
              MR. KATZ: Thank you very much.
              THE CLERK: Just look for the invite to join the
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17
    breakout room.
18
              THE COURT: Do we have the warden on the line?
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              THE CLERK: We do. We have the warden. And
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    Ms. Bourke has not called in yet.
21
              THE COURT: Mr. Katz, be as efficient as possible,
22
    please.
23
              MR. KATZ: I will do that, Your Honor. Thank you.
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              MS. SCANNELL: Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: I'm sorry. Who's asking?
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             MS. SCANNELL: Yes. This is Stephanie Scannell. I'm
     one of the staff attorneys with the BOP. Two things, Your
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            I sent Ms. Bourke back down to her office, but if we
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 4
     need her I can get her back.
 5
             THE COURT: Thank you.
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             MS. SCANNELL: The other thing I was going to ask is
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     with respect to the discussion about
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       and his medical status, I was wondering if Your
 9
     Honor could direct Mr. Pena not to divulge that information to
10
     anyone else, especially other inmates. It's personal medical
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     information of a staff member, and I just don't think that's
12
     appropriate for Mr. Pena to discuss with anyone, especially
     given didn't give his consent for it.
13
14
             THE COURT: Is he the staff member who tested
15
     positive?
             MS. SCANNELL: He is -- no, he tested negative.
16
             THE COURT: I don't feel comfortable discussing this
17
18
     without Mr. Katz. So --
19
             MS. SCANNELL: Okay.
20
             THE COURT: He's conferring with his client.
21
             THE CLERK: Mr. Katz is still on. He has not -- oh,
22
     now he's gone. He just joined the breakout room. I can bring
23
    him back, if you want.
24
             THE COURT: No.
25
              (Mr. Katz and defendant in breakout room.)
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              THE COURT: I'm going to ask -- I just sent my law
     clerk a message. I'm going to call her up right now. I have
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     to ask her a question. Meg, can you use your phone?
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              LAW CLERK: Yes. But I'll have to drop out of the
 4
 5
     Zoom call to do that.
 6
              THE COURT: All right.
 7
              (Pause.)
 8
              THE COURT: Let's see. I see Mr. Katz is back.
 9
              THE CLERK: One moment. Your Honor, I believe
10
    Mr. Pena may be calling back.
11
              THE COURT: All right. Is this Mr. Pena on the line?
12
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
13
              THE COURT: Okay. Let's see. Mr. Spaulding, are you
14
     there?
15
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: And do you understand you're still under
16
     oath?
17
18
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
19
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Katz, you may proceed.
20
              MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
21
              Mr. Spaulding, earlier we were talking about social
22
     distancing. I take it from your references to the CDC's
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     advice, you're familiar with the CDC's advice on social
24
     distancing.
25
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. KATZ: So you're aware that the CDC has described
     social distancing as the cornerstone of reducing transmission
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 3
     of diseases like COVID-19?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. KATZ: And that limiting face-to-face contact with
 6
     others is the best way to reduce the spread of coronavirus?
 7
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
 8
              THE COURT: And you agree that social distancing is
     important for everyone, including people that don't have
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10
     symptoms?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
12
              MR. KATZ: And would you agree that reducing the
13
     population at FMC Devens makes everyone safer?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              MR. KATZ: That includes inmates?
15
16
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              MR. KATZ: That includes staff?
17
18
              WARDEN SPAULDING: It includes staff. So I can't drop
19
     below a staffing level for a prison.
              MR. KATZ: I'm sorry. Would you agree reducing the
20
21
     inmate population makes it safer for the staff that continues
22
     to work there?
23
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
24
              MR. KATZ: And presumably also makes the community
25
     safer as well?
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1 WARDEN SPAULDING: It makes the community safer as 2 well? I suppose. I'm not clear on how you're asking that 3 question. MR. KATZ: Well, I guess what I'm getting at is if the 4 5 staff that's coming to Devens every day and returning to the 6 community every day has less exposure to fewer inmates at FMC 7 Devens, that makes not just the staff safer, but the community 8 that they're returning to safer as well. Would you agree with 9 that? 10 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yeah. I quess so, yes. MR. KATZ: So you agree at FMC Devens everyone would 11 be safer if the population were reduced to create greater 12 13 social distancing? 14 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 15 MR. KATZ: I want to move on to some questions about compassionate release and home confinement and sort of the 16 relationship between them. 17 18 You said earlier that you don't consider the 19 coronavirus pandemic as part of considering requests for 20 compassionate release; is that correct? 21 WARDEN SPAULDING: Correct. 22 MR. KATZ: Okay. Now, do you have -- you have Ms. Bourke's declaration in front of you? 23 WARDEN SPAULDING: In a second I will. 24 25 MR. KATZ: Okay.

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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: In paragraph 24, which is on page 8 --
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Page 8. Okay.
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                                                 I'm on page 8.
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              MR. KATZ: Paragraph labeled number 24?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, numbered, and 24 I think is
     on page -- it's on page 7.
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              MR. KATZ: Oh, I apologize.
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: "Twelve inmates at FPC," that one?
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              MR. KATZ: Correct. It says, "Twelve inmates at FPC
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     have been approved for compassionate release or early home
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     confinement placement since March 1, 2020." Do you know the
    breakdown of how many were compassionate release and how many
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     were home confinement?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: One second. One compassionate
     release and the rest were home confinement.
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              MR. KATZ: So the compassionate release motion that
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     was made, that was one that you approved?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: It's the one I recommended.
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              MR. KATZ: One that you recommended. Thank you.
                                                                One
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     that you recommended and was ultimately approved.
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: But let me verify, please.
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              MR. KATZ: Certainly.
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Can we move forward and then come
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    back to that question as I have my unit manager research that.
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     Is that okay?
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1 MR. KATZ: Sure. I mean -- sure, that's fine. 2 On home confinement, how many times has Mr. Pena been evaluated for home confinement as opposed to compassionate 3 release? 4 5 WARDEN SPAULDING: I just sent my unit manager out of 6 the room to get your other answer. 7 THE COURT: Well, hold on just one second. This is a 8 real problem when I can't see you. If you don't know the 9 answer and want to ask somebody else, please tell me so the 10 record will reflect it. Okay? 11 WARDEN SPAULDING: You got it. Yes, sir. 12 So I don't have the answer in front of me right now. 13 I have to get that answer from my unit manager. 14 MR. KATZ: I'm sorry. The question about compassionate release or the question about how many times 15 Mr. Pena has been evaluated for home confinement? 16 WARDEN SPAULDING: Both questions. 17 18 MR. KATZ: Both questions. 19 THE COURT: Well, evaluated or considered? In other 20 words, with regard to home confinement, the instructions you 21 now have, if I understand correctly, are that a prisoner has to 22 be -- have served half his sentence, or 25 percent of his sentence and within 18 months of the end of it, to be eligible 23 24 for evaluation under the Attorney General's criteria for 25 release to home confinement. Do I understand that right?

1 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. THE COURT: All right. So am I correct in 2 3 understanding that because Mr. Pena hasn't served half his sentence, and -- he hasn't served 25 percent of his sentence, 4 5 you as the warden and the people who work for you -- well, you as the warden have not considered whether you would release him 7 under the criteria in the March 26 and April 3 Attorney 8 General's memo. Is that correct? 9 WARDEN SPAULDING: That's correct. 10 MR. KATZ: Earlier I thought you had said that there were instances where individuals had been placed on home 11 confinement even though without meeting those criteria. So I 12 13 guess what I'm getting at is I'm trying to understand how would 14 that review get triggered if they don't meet the criteria? WARDEN SPAULDING: Central office sends down advice --15 or not advice -- a recommendation to review a specific inmate. 16 We do that. They don't meet the criteria or they do meet the 17 18 criteria, and if they ask for us to send it up anyway, then I'm 19 required to do that. 20 THE COURT: Have you ever done that? 21 WARDEN SPAULDING: I have done that. 22 THE COURT: You've been asked by the central office 23 about a specific inmate who didn't meet the 50 or 25 percent criteria? 24

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.

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THE COURT: Is that common or uncommon? WARDEN SPAULDING: It is uncommon until COVID-19 and the Attorney General's memo and the guidance that has come out since with the assistant director. I would say that now I am getting those -- I wouldn't say frequently, but I'm getting more than I've ever seen before. When I say that, I mean as many as three to five in the last two to three months. THE COURT: Are there some common characteristics to those? WARDEN SPAULDING: The criteria might have changed where you have -- the level of violence might have happened 30 years ago, and they took that into consideration, and they asked us to -- because that was one of the criteria, that is, to have a history of violence. And when they reviewed it at the central office level, they deemed that inmate not to be a threat, and to send it up anyway for them to review, and either to approve or disapprove? THE COURT: But were those inmates who hadn't served half their sentences or weren't within 18 months of the end of their sentence? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. THE COURT: Are you aware that the media reports that there's been one such prominent example today? WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir. No, I haven't seen anything yet.

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THE COURT: Nobody's told you that the Bureau of Prisons released Paul Manafort today, although he hadn't served half his sentence or 25 -- had far more than 18 months left? WARDEN SPAULDING: I did not hear about that. THE COURT: I just learned about it over lunch. It's in the media. I'm sorry. Anyway, Mr. Katz, you can resume. MR. KATZ: Sure. On the cases that sort of we hear about the central office from that don't meet the 50/25 rule, what's your understanding about how those cases would be brought to your attention? WARDEN SPAULDING: I don't know how they -- maybe they run rosters and identify past history or criteria that they're willing to revisit or to somehow consider waivable. I don't have any kind of documentation to support how they do this. I just know that we get notified via an email from central office through our regional office to re-review or to review a specific inmate, and then send up the home confinement request, and whether they approve it or disapprove it, that's -- the only way I know is when the inmate gets a date for placement into home confinement. MR. KATZ: I want to be clear. So when I say 50/25 rule, you understand what I'm talking about, correct? WARDEN SPAULDING: I do understand.

1 MR. KATZ: And you're saying that you get requests to review a case from the central office for specific inmates who 2 have not met that requirement, correct? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 4 5 MR. KATZ: And you don't know what motivates the 6 central office to generate those requests to you; is that 7 correct? 8 WARDEN SPAULDING: That's correct. 9 MR. KATZ: Now, earlier you said that coronavirus was 10 not a consideration for compassionate release. Do you remember 11 that? 12 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 13 MR. KATZ: Is compassionate release a factor 14 considered in making home confinement decisions? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 15 MR. KATZ: But besides, I guess, the exceptions that 16 you hear about from the central office, is the 50/25 rule 17 considered a prerequisite for considering someone for home 18 19 confinement based on coronavirus? 20 WARDEN SPAULDING: Repeat the question, please. 21 I apologize. As a general matter, is it MR. KATZ: 22 your understanding that you are not to consider someone for home confinement because of coronavirus unless they've already 23 met the 50/25 rule? 24 25 WARDEN SPAULDING: So the criteria that I currently

use from the May 8 criteria sent down from central office is what I use to consider and recommend home confinement to the central office. So if they decide that they want to use -- follow through that criteria or have some other reason to consider something else that's not based on Mr. Hurwitz's memo to all the wardens, then I'm not privy to that information. I just follow the guidelines that were presented to me by the memo dated May 8.

MR. KATZ: You said earlier that prior to the May 8 memo, there were several previous memos?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.

MR. KATZ: And I think you said, correct me if I'm wrong, I think you said that the 50 percent rule was always part of that policy, and the 25 percent and 18-month rule was something that got added?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.

MR. KATZ: What else changed from memo one to the May 8 memo?

WARDEN SPAULDING: So originally, and for most of the memos up until the last May 8 memo, if an inmate received an incident report or an infraction while in prison for twelve months — in other words, if he received an infraction for twelve months — it's on his record for twelve months, then he is excluded from home confinement, they changed that on May 8 to if they've had an incident report or an infraction that is

considered minor, which we code those as incident reports that are 300 is a minor infraction and 400 is less than a 300 infraction. So any inmate that had an infraction of 300 series incident report or 400 series incident report, those now can be considered for home confinement. So that was changed.

I believe there was another one. Past history of violence was changed sometime in the last couple memos where they looked at the level of violence and how long ago that occurred.

And what about the low and the mid, that was still there, right? Okay.

That's what I have so far.

MR. KATZ: So it sounds like the changes you are describing were all directed at lowering the standards for releasing people to home confinement.

WARDEN SPAULDING: Correct.

MR. KATZ: Were there any changes made from memo one to the May 8 memo that made it more difficult for a person to be placed on home confinement?

WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.

MR. KATZ: Okay. Judge, can I request that the government produce all of the memos, not just the May 8 memo. I mean, that's last Friday. I don't know what Mr. Pena was actually evaluated under. I think it would be helpful for us to have the full gamut of what, you know -- what's been

governing.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Your Honor, the issue here is compassionate release and whether he meets the standards under 3582. I understand why the court and Mr. Katz want to explore the reasons why the warden made his home confinement decision, but that's -- you know, that's not necessarily the issue before the court.

THE COURT: Well, it relates to something I said to you last week. You're arguing for deference to the warden's decisions. But -- look, this is helpful.

MR. LaMACCHIA: I guess my point is --

THE COURT: Let me say this: I'm not ruling on whether you need to turn them over, but this is not relevant. You're arguing there should be deference to the decisions, and no decision has been made on the merits. There's no decision from me or any of my colleagues to defer to.

So let's put aside the request for the production of documents, but the whole issue is not even irrelevant. It was part of your argument.

MR. LaMACCHIA: That's not what I'm suggesting, Your Honor. I'm just suggesting that based on the testimony we have so far, maybe a few more questions, we can get a sense of how the warden made his decision with respect to Mr. Pena, which is the issue.

THE COURT: Well, I know how he made his decision.

1 He's following orders, what he regards as orders, and he saw that he wasn't -- hadn't served half his sentence, and he 2 3 hadn't served 25 percent of his sentence. So he didn't consider him, under the criteria that the Attorney General 4 5 instructed all should be used to be evaluate all, at least at-risk, prisoners. These are questions --7 MR. LaMACCHIA: I understand your point. I quess my point is be that as it may, I don't think we need to produce 8 9 every --10 THE COURT: All right. And I don't want to take the warden's time or my time right now on requests for documents. 11 Look, people are leaking this -- go ahead. 12 13 MR. KATZ: Fair enough. 14 THE COURT: And it shouldn't be leaked. Either it's 15 discoverable or not discoverable. I think if you reflect on 16 it, Mr. LaMacchia, and talk to the Bureau of Prisons, there probably won't be an objection. You've produced some of these, 17 18 and, I don't know, what would be wrong with producing the rest, 19 but I don't want to spend another minute on this right now. Go ahead. 20 21 MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor. 22 Warden Spaulding, was there ever a time when inmates 23 at FMC Devens were placed on a list for home confinement, and 24 there were changes made to the list?

WARDEN SPAULDING: When you talk about a list, I'm not

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clear on what you're asking. We get a list from central office of inmates that meet criteria for consideration for home confinement based upon their determination of the computer research that they're doing. We get that list, and then we review each inmate based on the criteria that we've talked about. And to answer your -- just to finish up -- I know I had two questions you needed answered. One of them was was he considered throughout his time as these changes came about with these additional criteria? And I got clarification on that. So each inmate that meets the criteria from the first memo to the current memo that we're using were re-evaluated, redetermined if they met the new criteria. So that answers your question about Mr. Pena, was he re-reviewed, and the answer is yes, he was re-reviewed. We do get lists. We run our own lists based on the criteria that comes out, and then we review those inmates for home confinement. THE COURT: Just so I understand this, because I'm

THE COURT: Just so I understand this, because I'm your ultimate audience. He was reviewed, but as long as the 50 percent/25 percent rule didn't change, neither you, nor any of your colleagues, evaluated whether he met the criteria in the March 26 Attorney General's memo, which on April 3 the Attorney General said should be used to evaluate all at-risk inmates.

Do I understand that right?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And Mr. Katz, I want you to focus your

questions on things that are relevant to Mr. Pena. How much more do you think you have?

MR. KATZ: I mean, honestly, Judge, it's difficult because I guess you know my view is -- I mean, I have a lot of questions about testing, because I view all of the conditions at the camp relevant to Mr. Pena. I mean, this is what we are litigating.

THE COURT: They are relevant. But he's answered -look, I'm your audience. You want to persuade me. I
understand that the staff is not being tested, that people can
be asymptomatic. They could be infected. Mr. Pena's 71 years
old. The statistics -- or 70. I honed in -- I mean, I'm
helping you. I'm helping all of you to know what my state of
mind is.

I asked you to get me the statistics on the people who were dying in Massachusetts and nationally. And in Massachusetts about three out of four are 70 or older. If a staff member who's infected -- and you can ask him, but I don't think they're doing any tracking, at least with regard to asymptomatic people -- you know, if a staff member is infected and comes into the facility, and an inmate gets infected, unless something is done very quickly to totally isolate that inmate, there's a high risk that it will spread. And Mr. Pena, you know, will be at risk of getting it. Then you've got your figures on what percentage of people who were over 65, you

1 know, get hospitalized and what percentage die. I get that. 2 MR. KATZ: I will try to streamline my questions. 3 THE COURT: Yeah. Well, you need to because I want to give Mr. LaMacchia a chance, and then I have some more 4 5 questions. 6 MR. KATZ: Sure. 7 THE COURT: Go ahead. 8 MR. KATZ: Warden Spaulding, is it fair to say that 9 BOP's duty is to carry out the sentence that was imposed by the 10 sentencing judge? 11 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 12 MR. KATZ: And would you agree that that's why the Bureau of Prisons requires a certain portion to be served 13 14 before considering inmates for home confinement? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 15 MR. KATZ: So if a sentencing judge said that home 16 confinement would not undercut the sentence that the judge 17 imposed, would that affect your view as to how the Bureau of 18 19 Prisons is carrying out its mission? 20 WARDEN SPAULDING: I say this delicately, because I 21 don't want to upset anybody on the phone. But my understanding 22 is Your Honor cannot order the Bureau of Prisons to place an 23 inmate on home confinement. He has, or she has the ability to 24 deal with a reduction in sentence which, again, answers the 25 second question that you asked me earlier, which was the one

inmate of the eleven that we released from the camp, we denied his reduction in sentence based on the program statement 5050.50, and now with the First Step Act those go to the judge, and that judge made the decision to order him time served, and released him from prison.

THE COURT: So there's been one person in the camp that a judge has ordered released, although the Bureau of Prisons didn't request it?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, we didn't -- yes, correct.

THE COURT: All right. And look, you're being very respectful, and there is a distinction. I have authority to order a reduction in sentence under the statute. I don't have the authority to order home confinement. But Mr. Katz was asking -- I know why he asked you the question. He was asking a different question. Did anybody give you a transcript of last week's hearing?

WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. Did anybody -- unless somebody thinks this is attorney/client privilege, you can object -- but did anybody tell you that I said last week that in my view it would not be unreasonable for the Bureau of Prisons, based on what I knew then, to put Mr. -- to let Mr. Pena serve the rest of his sentence on home confinement?

WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir.

THE COURT: And that's, I think, what Mr. Katz is

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     getting at.
              MR. KATZ: I'll move on.
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              Now, you've read Amber Bourke's declaration?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. KATZ: Now, there was a little confusion over this
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     issue earlier, but in her declaration, paragraph 26, she cites
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     the number of cases of COVID-19 in Falmouth and in Barnstable
     County. And then states, "Accordingly, granting defendant home
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     confinement placement may increase his risk of contracting
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     COVID-19 in contradiction with the Attorney General's
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     guidance." Do you see that?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. KATZ: Do you now take the position that Mr. Pena
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     is safer in FMC Devens than he would be at his home?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Sir, I can't predict that.
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     Currently -- I don't know his home setting, how many times his
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     wife goes out, who she interacts with. So there's a risk, I
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     think, in both areas.
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              I just know that currently, right now, as I knock on
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     wood, we don't have any positive cases at the camp, and we've
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     limited movement from just about everybody, to include the
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     housing unit officers. So I can speak to the camp. I feel
     relatively certain that we're doing everything we possibly can
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     to keep every inmate in that housing unit safe.
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              MR. KATZ: Well, let me ask this way: Are the numbers
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of the cases in Falmouth and Barnstable County relevant in
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     determining where Mr. Pena is safest?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: Can you tell me why?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: The more cases you have in the
 6
     community, the more chances you have of contracting the virus.
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              MR. KATZ: How many staff members work at FMC Devens?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Inside we have -- I have a total of
     475 staff. Now, obviously they don't -- it's a 24-hour/7-day
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     operation. So they all come in and out and work different
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     shifts and work different work assignments throughout the
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    prison, as well as the camp.
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              MR. KATZ: Do you know where those folks live?
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              THE COURT: Yeah. Obviously they live within
     commuting distance of FMC Devens.
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              MR. KATZ: And do you know the number of COVID-19
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     infections and rates of infections in the towns where they
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     live?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I do not know all of them, no.
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              MR. KATZ: Do you know how those numbers compare to
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     the figures in Falmouth and Barnstable County?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I would reasonably say that they
     are just as high as Falmouth, if not higher.
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              MR. KATZ: If I suggested to you that the rate of
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     infection in Shirley is four times what it is in Falmouth,
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     would that surprise you?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, it would not surprise me.
              MR. KATZ: If I told you the rate of infection --
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              THE COURT: He needs to testify based on his personal
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     knowledge. He's answered this. And I think, although it may
    be useful to ask Ms. Bourke, if we ever get to her, why she put
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     it in her declaration. Mr. LaMacchia has withdrawn that
     statement from paragraph 26. Am I correct?
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: That's correct, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Do you have anything else that's important
     to ask him?
                 They're not relying on that.
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              MR. KATZ: Okay. Well, I mean --
              THE COURT: Although if -- here: If that was a basis
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     of their decision, then you can explore it. But --
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              MR. KATZ: Well, I guess -- it's not now a basis of
     the decision?
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              THE COURT: Well, my understanding is, because he's
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     told me several times, that they never considered the case-
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     specific criteria, including where would Mr. Pena be safer
    because he didn't meet the 50/25 test.
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              Correct, Mr. Spaulding?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              THE COURT: Move on.
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              MR. KATZ: I appreciate that, Judge. The issue here,
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     though, is that I haven't heard the government to abandon that
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1 argument. That's one of the --2 THE COURT: Excuse me. Excuse me. Move on. 3 MR. KATZ: Now, you said because of the 50/25 rule you haven't evaluated how Mr. Pena would fair on the criteria 4 5 identified by the Attorney General; is that correct? 6 WARDEN SPAULDING: That's correct. If he didn't meet 7 the criteria of 50/25, he wouldn't -- I wouldn't have sent it 8 up. 9 MR. KATZ: Can we do that now? Do you have a copy of 10 the Attorney General's memo, the March 26 memo? 11 WARDEN SPAULDING: Where would you like me to look? MR. LaMACCHIA: Judge, can I just interject, because, 12 13 you know, the determination of home confinement is not 14 reviewable. I understand the circumstance --15 THE COURT: Well, to the extent that's an objection, I'm going to overrule it, because I was going to ask the same 16 questions to decide the statutory issue, the compassionate 17 release issue. And you've asked me to defer to the judgment of 18 19 the warden. He's not previously made a judgment, but I'd like 20 to know what his judgment is. It's not going to dictate mine, 21 but if -- you know, I think if this wasn't moving so fast, you 22 might welcome this. It's relevant for some other purposes too. 23 MR. LaMACCHIA: Okay. That's fine. Let's go through 24 it. I just want to note that the criteria for compassionate 25 release are different from those of --

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THE COURT: Right. And as I will point out, as I
tried to sort this out over lunch, it's utterly illogical for
the Department of Justice or for the Attorney General, in my
opinion, to tell the Bureau of Prisons to use new criteria for
home confinement, and then they add other criteria inconsistent
with his, in my view, and not to revise the instructions that
the warden gets with regard to motions for compassionate
release. But the life of the law, as Oliver Wendell Holmes
said, it's not logic, it's experience. So here we are. But
I'd be interested in this. It's one of the questions I
intended to ask.
        MR. LaMACCHIA: Okay.
        THE COURT: So let me see if I can find my copies.
        The April 3 memo. Anyway, Mr. Katz, why don't you do
it?
        MR. KATZ:
                  Sure. Warden Spaulding, you have the March
26 memo in front of you?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
        MR. KATZ: As I understand it, from the bottom of page
1 to about the middle of page 2, there are six bullet points?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, I see it.
        MR. KATZ: Okay. I guess I would go through them one
        How would you assess the age and vulnerability of
Mr. Pena to COVID-19 in accordance with CDC quidelines?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: He meets the age criteria.
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1 MR. KATZ: And that's based on the fact that as many 2 as six in ten people 65 and older become hospitalized, as many 3 as eight get admitted to the ICU, and as many as one in nine die? MR. LaMACCHIA: Objection. He's asking about the 6 criteria and then putting in statistics. I'm not sure the 7 warden has knowledge of that. THE COURT: Well, yeah. Why don't you ask it in a more open-ended -- well, in a different way. 10 MR. KATZ: Sure. Do you agree that he satisfies that first criteria? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. 13 THE COURT: No. It's age and vulnerability. He said 14 he satisfied -- I think he's making a distinction between 15 age -- are you making a distinction between age and vulnerability? 16 WARDEN SPAULDING: Sir, just the age, because I'm looking at the CDC high risk conditions as well, in conjunction with the Attorney General's memo, dated March 26, and so the statement, or the sentence in there states the age and vulnerability of the inmate with COVID-19. So I'm saying that 22 he meets the criteria for age. 23 THE COURT: And if it turned out he were severely 24 obese, would he meet the criteria for vulnerability? 25 WARDEN SPAULDING: BMI of 40 or higher, yes.

1 MR. KATZ: Is it your understanding in evaluating inmates that both of those things need to be satisfied? 2 3 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. We would look at all of the criteria based on the CDC guidelines. 4 5 MR. KATZ: I'm sorry. When you say age and 6 vulnerability, you're not saying that an inmate needs to both 7 be old and vulnerable. He can be young and vulnerable, or he 8 could, in theory, be old and not vulnerable, one of those two? 9 THE COURT: Do you understand that question? 10 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yeah. So I know you have younger 11 people that have lots of medical conditions, and that would 12 define them as being vulnerable. And when you look at the elder population, CDC is saying if you're over the age of 65, 13 14 you're considered a high risk. And then with that could be some additional risk factors to include obesity and some of the 15 other things listed in terms of chronic medical conditions. 16 MR. KATZ: I don't need to belabor the point. 17 18 The second factor, the security level of the facility 19 holding the inmate. The camp at FMC Devens, what security level is that? 20 21 WARDEN SPAULDING: Minimum security. 22 MR. KATZ: The inmate's conduct in prison. How would 23 you evaluate Mr. Pena's conduct in prison? 24 WARDEN SPAULDING: Outstanding. 25 MR. KATZ: And his score under PATTERN, how would you

1 evaluate that? 2 WARDEN SPAULDING: A minimum. 3 MR. KATZ: Can you explain what that means? WARDEN SPAULDING: So the recidivism rate of coming 4 5 back to prison, he scores at a minimum, which means that the bureau's criteria views him as a low risk that he would 7 re-offend and come back to prison. 8 MR. KATZ: That's the best score possible? 9 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, it is. MR. KATZ: "Whether the inmate has demonstrated a 10 11 verifiable reentry plan that will prevent recidivism and 12 maximize public safety, including verification that the conditions under which the inmate would be confined upon 13 14 release would present a lower risk of contracting COVID-19 than the inmate would face in his or her BOP facility." 15 I believe you said you haven't conducted that analysis 16 17 yet? WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, we know that he was released 18 19 into Falmouth with his wife. So I would say that he did 20 provide us an appropriate release plan. 21 MR. KATZ: What information -- what other information 22 would you need to make the determination on that factor? 23 WARDEN SPAULDING: Probation. If they're at that 24 specific age, maybe employment, or Social Security benefits, 25 types of health insurance, if they have that, just things that

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he is required to list and put in on paper to present to the unit team that shows that he would be successful if he was placed back into the community, whether that's on home confinement, or any other way of getting home. MR. KATZ: Okay. And the request that he made for compassionate release, do you know whether it included that information? WARDEN SPAULDING: Just the address. MR. KATZ: The request for compassionate release that you have does not state that he's been on Social Security since age 66 with Harvard Pilgrim and Medicare coverage? WARDEN SPAULDING: It says that he will reside with his wife, daughter and grandchildren. He's been on Social Security since age 66 with Medicare coverage. He says all the doctors and medical providers are within the immediate area. MR. KATZ: To be clear, the form that I'm looking at, and I want to be sure we're looking at the same form. doesn't say he would live with his daughter and grandchildren. On the form that I'm looking at, it says "daughter, grandchildren, local." Is that what you're seeing? WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. That's what I read, yes. I'm sorry. Daughter, grandchildren, local, yes. MR. KATZ: So assuming those things were verified, would he meet, I guess, the fifth bullet point? WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, we're talking about two

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     separate things here. This is confinement and -- so what
    bullet are we talking about? Whether the inmate demonstrates a
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     variable release -- reentry plan?
              MR. KATZ: That whole fifth bullet point, correct.
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: So that falls under home
     confinement.
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 7
              MR. KATZ: I understand --
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Separate from the compassionate
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     release.
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              MR. KATZ: Well, the information would be -- if the
11
     information that's provided on the compassionate release form
12
     were true, would that satisfy that fifth criteria for home
     confinement?
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14
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: The last criteria: "The inmate's crime of
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     conviction, and assessment of the danger posed by the inmate to
16
     the community. Some offenses, such as sex offenses, will
17
     render an inmate ineligible for home detention. Other serious
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     offenses should weigh more heavily against consideration for
20
     home detention." Would that criteria --
21
              WARDEN SPAULDING: He would meet that. He does not
22
     have a sex offense, and his -- he doesn't have a serious
     offense that would weigh more heavily against consideration for
23
     home detention.
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MR. KATZ: So would it be fair to say that, other than

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potentially vulnerability under the first criteria, and 1 verification of facts under the fifth criteria, that Mr. Pena 2 meets all six criteria? WARDEN SPAULDING: He meets those criteria on the AG 4 5 memo, but does not meet the criteria that the bureau pushed down to the wardens for the 50 percent or 18 months/25 percent. 7 MR. KATZ: I understand that. I'm saying if he were 8 considered, that's how you would evaluate those criteria? 9 WARDEN SPAULDING: With the AG memo, yes. 10 THE COURT: Let me ask you this: So I assume that 11 Mr. Pena will reach the 25 percent within 18 months of the end 12 of his sentence in July. I thought it was the end of June, but 13 I think his lawyer, perhaps you calculated it as sometime in 14 July. And if you were still the warden, is it correct that you would then look at all of these criteria, which are said to be 15 a non-exhaustive list of discretionary factors, and decide 16 whether to recommend him to your superiors for home 17 confinement? Is that what --18 19 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir, he met the criteria. THE COURT: The 25 percent criteria? So that sort 20 of -- is that what you're referring to? 21 22 WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. THE COURT: All right. And then based on the review 23 24 of those six stated factors that you just did, do you expect 25 that you would recommend his release to home confinement?

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              WARDEN SPAULDING: I would recommend it to my
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     superiors, yes.
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              MR. KATZ: Judge, just to keep you apprised, I have
     three -- I'll tell you what they are -- three more areas of
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 5
     questioning.
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              THE COURT: I'm not quite finished yet.
 7
              MR. KATZ: I apologize.
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              THE COURT: I'm just making a note.
 9
              Then here's something I need to wrestle with, I've
10
     been wrestling with: So if you were still the warden at Devens
     roughly two months from now, you would recommend Mr. Pena's
11
     release, and earlier you said "knock on wood." Right?
12
13
              WARDEN SPAULDING: In terms of COVID at the camp.
14
              THE COURT: Right.
15
              Am I correct in understanding that you feel so far
     you've been both fortunate and somewhat lucky, and you hope
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     that the good luck will continue?
17
18
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir. We started early,
19
     aggressive, and there are things that you can't control in the
20
     prison system.
21
              THE COURT: Yeah. And you recognize that there's a
22
     degree -- well, do you believe that there's a degree of risk
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     since you've got staff going out into the community and coming
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     back, that one of them, or more than one of them, may be
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     unsymptomatic, but bring the virus into the camp?
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WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And I'll tell you that the statistics from the Massachusetts Department of Public Health yesterday showed that there had been 5,141 deaths from the virus, attributed to the virus, and 4,386 were people 70 years old or older. And I'll also tell you that the statistic says that 98.5 percent had an underlying condition, which you don't believe Mr. Pena has. But basically, you know, it looks like more than four out of five of the people who died were over 70 years old.

Mr. Pena I think is almost 71.

The question I have is if you would recommend his release in July, is there a good reason why I shouldn't order his release in May, and avert the risk that he'll get infected in the next two months?

WARDEN SPAULDING: That's a great question. I can tell you that we're talking about two months. The criteria that I'm using, the bureau has made a firm stance on this. It hasn't changed too much in terms of the 50 percent, and now we have the new criteria of the 25 percent/18 months. And so, I would say, based on the AG's memo and the six factors -- the six things we spoke about, I would be recommending him for home confinement in July when he meets the Bureau's criteria.

THE COURT: And I think -- thank you for saying it's a great question. It's an important one to me. But I don't think that's the one -- that's in some respects more for

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    Mr. LaMacchia.
              But let me tell you something else. Have you seen
 2
     Mr. Pena?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
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              THE COURT: How recently?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: It's been about -- it's been a few
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 7
     weeks. Now, do I have direct conversation with Mr. Pena? No.
 8
     I've done my town halls out there. I've walked my camp unit.
     And if they have questions, I am absolutely approachable. So I
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10
     know I have -- I could recognize him if I saw him on the unit
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    because he is an older gentleman. So I know that -- you know,
12
     I don't know if that answers your question, sir.
13
              THE COURT: I think, and the lawyers should correct me
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     if I'm wrong be -- I think I was told that there were eight
     people 70 or older in the camp. Are you aware of that
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16
     statistic?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: That's correct. It's in the
18
19
     declaration from Amber Bourke at paragraph 23.
20
              THE COURT: Right.
21
              MR. KATZ: This was going to be one of my areas of
     inquiry, so...
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23
              THE COURT: And do you know if any of those eight have
24
     applied for reductions in sentence? Well, for home confinement
     and/or reductions in sentence?
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WARDEN SPAULDING: So I have who's been approved. know that because of age that is a criteria that every time we have a change within the criteria, they're re-reviewed. can comfortably say that every inmate at that camp that meets any one of these criterias is reviewed for home confinement, and then re-reviewed. THE COURT: Yeah. But I quess what I'm trying to get at, and let me be more specific. I wonder if any of those seven others, I think, have applied for home confinement or reduction in sentence and been denied because they, for home confinement, didn't might the 50/25 criteria. Do you know the answer to that question? WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir, I do not. THE COURT: Okay. And you know the answer to a lot of questions. This is very helpful. I appreciate it. MR. KATZ: Judge, since we're on that topic --THE COURT: Go ahead. MR. KATZ: I can inform the court, and I'm happy to either inform you or pose it in the form of a question to the warden. THE COURT: Why don't you put it as a question.

MR. KATZ: Sure. Well, let me ask for a little guidance first. I'm using names of other inmates. I know who the inmates are that are in the camp that are over 70.

THE COURT: Are you going to talk about their health

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     conditions?
              MR. KATZ: No, I'm not going to talk about their
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 3
    health conditions.
              THE COURT: Okay. You can use their names.
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              MR. KATZ: Okay.
 6
              Mr. Spaulding, are you familiar with an inmate named
 7
     John DiMenna?
 8
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes. Sorry. Yes.
              MR. KATZ: And Ms. Bourke's data in her declaration
 9
10
    was as of May 8; is that correct?
11
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: Are you aware Mr. DiMenna was released
12
     yesterday per an order of the court from the District of
13
14
     Connecticut granting a motion for a compassionate release?
15
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: So he was one of the eight inmates?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
17
18
              MR. KATZ: And Mr. Pena's one of the eight inmates?
19
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
              MR. KATZ: So there are six others?
20
21
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Hold on. Let me get -- hold on one
22
     second.
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              MR. KATZ: Sure.
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: So I guess I need clarification.
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     So when you talk about -- there are two separate things we're
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talking about, that Connecticut let him come home with a
reduction in sentence time served. And so -- but when we talk
about home confinement, that's something separate. So maybe if
you could re-ask that question so I can answer it correctly for
you.
        MR. KATZ: Sure. I apologize. I'll try to be more
       According to Ms. Bourke's declaration, there are eight
inmates in the camp who are 70 or older as of May 8.
        WARDEN SPAULDING: As of May 8, yes.
        MR. KATZ: How many of those eight are still in the
camp?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, I think there's still eight
of them there, unless we're counting the immediate release that
happened yesterday. He's over the age. So that would make it
seven.
        MR. KATZ: Okay. So one inmate has been released, and
that was pursuant to a court order, not being placed on home
confinement by the Bureau of Prisons?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: That's correct.
        MR. KATZ: Now of these six other inmates, not
including Mr. Pena, not including the inmate who was released
yesterday, of the six others, are any of them currently slated
to be released to home confinement?
        WARDEN SPAULDING: I'm not sure at this time.
have to get my unit manager to run that roster to see what
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1 those release dates are. THE COURT: Could you ask him to do that, please. 2 MR. KATZ: Yeah. Could you do it? 3 THE COURT: You can speak to me, Mr. Katz, and I will 4 5 give him direction. 6 MR. KATZ: I apologize, Your Honor. 7 Do you know whether any of those others are presently in quarantine in anticipation --8 9 WARDEN SPAULDING: Two of them have dates. One's for 10 June 28. Oh, that's a regular release date. I'm sorry. Hold I know there's two. If you're asking me if we're going to 11 quarantine them, the answer is yes. 12 13 THE COURT: So I think he wants to know, have you 14 recommended any of the remaining six for home confinement or reduction in sentence? 15 WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir. Only if they met the 16 criteria, I would have recommended them for home confinement. 17 The fact that they're still here and they haven't been placed 18 19 on home confinement as of yet, and I can't speak to their dates 20 of when they'll be placed on home confinement, but if they met the criteria, then they would have been sent up for 21 22 consideration for home confinement. If they didn't meet the 23 criteria, then it wouldn't have been sent up. 24 MR. KATZ: I apologize. I'm just trying to get a 25 sense of the six other inmates, you're saying as of now no one

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     is in a position to be released to home -- or no one is
 2
     scheduled to be released to home confinement?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: You're talking about with the camp
     inmates, right? The six camp inmates? I heard you say 600.
 4
 5
     So the six camp inmates, I do not have that information in
     front of me to be able to answer that question. I can get it
 7
     from my AUSA there, Brian, can help me get you that answer, but
 8
     I don't have it in front of me right now.
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              MR. KATZ: Just to be transparent, I'm trying to get a
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     sense of when Mr. Pena becomes eliqible to be reviewed in July,
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     how many other inmates who are over 70 will be left in the
12
     camp? I'm happy to, you know -- I'm happy to move on.
13
              Judge, the only other questions I have were about
14
     testing and quarantine. So I'll try and be as quick as I can.
              THE COURT: Here, let me -- I can help you because I
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     know it's important to me on this.
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              MR. KATZ: Sure.
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              THE COURT: He's already told me that they're not
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     testing the staff coming in. Is it the policy if the Bureau of
20
     Prisons decides to release an inmate to home confinement to
21
     quarantine that inmate for 14 days at the institution?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
23
              THE COURT: And is quarantine in a special housing
     unit?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              THE COURT: What is a special housing unit?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: It's a restricted housing unit
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     where I have staff that are there 24 hours a day that do 30-
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     minute rounds and provide their food and any kind of medical
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 5
     issues that they might have. But it's the safest place that I
     can place them to know that they will have limited interaction
 7
     with other inmates and/or staff.
 8
              THE COURT: Is it what lay people might consider
 9
     solitary confinement?
10
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: They're in a cell all by themselves?
11
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, there's a row of cells.
12
     if you're saying it's -- they're completely isolated, they do
13
14
     have conversations downrange quite frequently.
              THE COURT: All right. Do they get to go out of the
15
16
     cell during the day?
17
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Not when they're in quarantine
18
     status.
              THE COURT: So 24-hour lockdown?
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20
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: And you do have some limited number of
21
22
     tests, correct?
23
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
24
              THE COURT: So let's say a judge ordered the release
25
     of an inmate but, like you, wanted to try to minimize the risk
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     that the inmate would infect anybody in the community, the
 2
     judge could order you to test the inmate. How long does it
 3
     take you to get the results of a test?
 4
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Our current rapid test machine, I
 5
     can get a result within 12 minutes with an 80 percent accuracy.
     If they're positive, that's a hundred percent accuracy.
 7
     it's a negative, it can be -- I think it's as high as 80
     percent accurate. And that is what we're using in the Bureau
 8
 9
     of Prisons, as well as the outside labs, Quest and LabCorp.
10
              THE COURT: Do you have any additional questions,
11
     Mr. Katz?
              MR. KATZ: So about quarantine --
12
13
              THE COURT: Do you have anything important?
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              MR. KATZ:
                         Well --
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              THE COURT: It's 3:30.
                                        I'm concerned -- I'm very
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              MR. KATZ: I understand.
     concerned about the environment in quarantine. You know, I'm
17
     wondering whether or not people who are placed there are
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19
     suspected cases, whether these are negative pressure
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     environments, meaning, you know, the person's droplets don't
     get shared with other people in the cell. I mean, I have
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22
     concerns that even quarantine exposes Mr. Pena to a higher
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     degree of risk than he would have if he were at home. So --
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              THE COURT: All right. My present inclination is if,
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     and underlining the "if," I order Mr. Pena released, I would
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     order the Bureau of Prisons to test him. If he tests
    positive -- in fact, it might be contingent -- if he tests
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    positive, that's one thing. If he tests negative, my present
 3
     inclination would be to send him home. But that's all if.
 5
             Let's hear from Mr. LaMacchia. We'll see where we
     are.
 7
              MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
 8
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Thank you, Your Honor. I will try and
 9
    be brief. I just have a few questions.
10
              THE COURT: Take whatever time you reasonably need.
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Okay.
11
              So good afternoon, Warden. This is Brian LaMacchia
12
13
     from the U.S. Attorney's office. How are you?
14
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Good, sir.
15
              MR. LaMACCHIA: So I want to just return to the
     directive that we were talking about before from the BOP about
16
     time served eligibility for home confinement. Do you recall
17
     that with the 18 months served and 25 percent or 50 percent?
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19
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: Can you explain to us, you know, in
     particular the court, what's your understanding of the purpose
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22
     of that directive.
23
              WARDEN SPAULDING: It's -- we currently are
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    prioritizing for consideration for inmates that have served 50
25
     percent or more of their sentence or have 18 months or less
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remaining on their sentence, and have served at least 25 percent of their sentence. So I hope that answers the question.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Well, that's what I'm talking about.

My question was, can you explain to the court what your

understanding is of the reason for that requirement.

THE COURT: If you have one.

WARDEN SPAULDING: So we have many inmates in the Bureau of Prisons, and throughout the course of this -- of the AG memo and the change of the criteria throughout the last two months going into the third month, we have lessened the restrictions or the criteria to basically help prioritize the resources, and not only in the Bureau of Prisons but also out into the community that we serve. So probation, first for them, as well as the resources in the Bureau of Prisons, the social workers that are involved, the unit team staff. So 50 percent is a criteria that they use that they have determined to meet the needs of serving an inmate's sentence.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Is there any part of that requirement that has to do with fairness or -- fairness of implementation with respect to various inmates in the BOP facilities?

WARDEN SPAULDING: I think there's a level of fairness, but also, more importantly, a level of safety for the community. And most of the criteria that's been created is to ensure that we don't release inmates with a history of violence

or terrorists or detainers or things of that nature we don't release out in the communities. So the fairness is 50 percent of the sentence that was carried out by -- that was imposed by the judge as considered fair in terms of the AG and the folks that sent out the criteria.

MR. LaMACCHIA: If an inmate does not meet that criteria, the 50 percent or the 25 percent with 18 months, but is released through the court and imposed compassionate release, does that have any effect on you managing your institution with respect to the inmates?

WARDEN SPAULDING: It does. It really -- other inmates are seeing that as, you know, what did he -- and I say "he," only because I'm a male prison. So inmates look at how other inmates are -- got their release, and they try to mimic that type of relief paperwork. It just creates quite a burdensome situation, even though the majority of the inmates wouldn't meet the criteria, but, nevertheless, staff have to utilize additional resources and are pulled away from all of their responsibilities to address those kind of new requests that come across their desk.

MR. LaMACCHIA: We also talked about the time served requirement, the 50 percent served or 25 percent with 18 months, and whether that was not or was in the AG's March 26 or April 3 memorandum. So I just want wanted to ask you a question about that. In your view, is that time be served

requirement inconsistent with the AG's March 26 memo or April 3 memo?

WARDEN SPAULDING: I don't think so. I think the AG put out some guidance and gave us a directive to try to release as many inmates that meet -- that they think -- that he thinks would be acceptable to reduce the inmate population and also to get the high risk inmates that have -- that could be released, and I think that, you know, the attorney -- well, the director and the Bureau of Prisons developed a criteria to -- and then changed the criteria for the last six or two months to be able to work through the volume of inmates that are looking for home confinement or -- well, home confinement.

MR. LaMACCHIA: I just want to turn to another topic. So we were talking a lot about social distancing and certain guidance by the CDC and whether that was -- you know, safe or not with respect to prisons.

Are you familiar with CDC guidance specific to prisons?

WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Okay. Can you just explain to the court what that is and how you've managed that at Devens?

WARDEN SPAULDING: So the CDC has put out lots of guidance on many topics to include nursing homes, assisted living places, but also a correctional environment. So they understand, as all of us do, the complexity of housing a group

of individuals from all age groups, young adults to older adults, with some that have comorbidities to include chronic care issues and things of that nature.

Knowing that the Bureau of Prisons, as well as the correctional environment, have to house these inmates to meet the needs of the community and what's been sanctioned upon the inmate. So they gave us some guidance on best practices to try to reduce the risk of spreading COVID-19.

So I got that guidance early on, in about the middle of March or so, and we've been doing our due diligence to try to adhere to that guidance.

MR. LaMACCHIA: We talked a little before about the camp, the camp versus those at the medical center. Can you tell me, is there any distinction in terms of health between the inmates at the camp versus those at the medical center?

WARDEN SPAULDING: So we have -- the medical center is a federal medical center. So we have the sickest inmates from around the country that come to us, dialysis, organ transplants, those kinds of chronic illnesses we manage in-house.

The camp, on the other hand, is considered a work cadre camp. It can hold as many as 128. That work cadre camp, the inmates are placed there. They have minor medical issues, prediabetics, some -- maybe on one or two hypertensive meds or something to that effect, something minor that doesn't require

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     quarterly or twice-a-year evaluation. These guys are
     relatively healthy, all age groups, and they do -- they work
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     out in and around FMC Devens. We have some that work on the
 3
    base. We have some that work in the powerhouse and outside
 4
 5
     landscaping and food service within the camp. So their
     responsibilities, when they come to the work cadre at the camp
 7
     is to work. They're there to work.
 8
              MR. LaMACCHIA: So those people who are doing the
 9
     work, that includes Mr. Pena?
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              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
11
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Do you know what his jobs are at the
12
     camp?
13
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Mr. Pena was responsible for basic
14
     orderly-type responsibilities, sweeping, mopping. I think we
     even had him as a door handler at one time, which is to help
15
     the spread of any virus. During flu season, we do this every
16
     year, where they open and close the doors so that staff or
17
18
     inmates don't touch the doors. So very minor job
19
     responsibilities.
20
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Your Honor, I think that's all I have
21
     for now.
22
              THE COURT: I think I've got a couple more, and maybe
23
     you'll be done, Mr. Spaulding, today at least.
24
              Could you tell me what your educational background is,
25
     please?
```

```
1
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I have a bachelor's in occupational
 2
     therapy, and I have a master's in healthcare administration.
 3
              THE COURT: And you were in the Navy?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
 4
 5
              THE COURT: What did you do in the Navy?
 6
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I was a hospital corpsman at
 7
     Bethesda Naval Hospital, now Walter Reed.
 8
              THE COURT: Okay. In your opinion, is Mr. Pena an
 9
     at-risk inmate?
10
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Based on age, sir.
              THE COURT: So, you would say yes, he is, because
11
12
     based on his age.
13
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Just on his age, yes, sir.
14
              THE COURT: And I'm just making some notes.
              Let me see. I think most of my questions have been
15
16
     answered.
              I think you said that it's your understanding that
17
18
     Mr. Pena now weighs about 243 pounds, something like that?
19
              WARDEN SPAULDING: When I was reviewing his Bureau
20
     Electronic Medical Record, in March of 2020 he was 243 pounds.
21
              THE COURT: And can one of the lawyers tell me where
22
     to find that?
23
              WARDEN SPAULDING: It's page 2 of the May 11 --
24
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Your Honor, I actually think it's in
25
     more than one place, but one of the places it is is in the
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```
1
     fifth page of the exhibits to the Amber Bourke declaration.
 2
              THE COURT: Okay. Hold on a second. And where on
 3
     that page?
 4
              MR. LaMACCHIA: So after the cover page, five more
 5
     pages, and then you'll see it at the bottom, it has his vitals
     for various things, blood pressure and weight, pulse.
 7
              THE COURT: Right. Here it is.
 8
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Including weight.
 9
              THE COURT: Yeah. So on March 24 it says he weighed
10
     243 pounds.
11
              MR. LaMACCHIA: And then as another point, Your Honor,
12
     if you look on page 3, so two pages back, there's a note
13
     towards the top in the middle of page where Mr. Pena reports
14
     trying to lose weight and walking 18 laps three to four days a
     week, as well as other workouts, which the warden mentioned.
15
              THE COURT: Mr. Spaulding, I gave you some
16
     Massachusetts statistics yesterday. The parties gave them to
17
    me yesterday afternoon. As of yesterday there were 5,141
18
19
     deaths reportedly attributed to COVID-19, 4,386 were people
20
     over 70. Were you aware of those general -- you know, that
21
     general ratio?
22
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Your Honor, I look at that about
23
     every week to every other week, so I am always looking at those
24
     numbers.
25
              THE COURT: How old are you?
```

```
1
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Fifty-two.
              THE COURT: I may not have asked you this. Are you
 2
 3
     doing anything to trace the contacts that staff members have
 4
     when they go out into the community?
 5
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Not when they're out into the
 6
     community. When we had the positive case of the staff member
 7
     inside the institution, we did the same day -- we traced his
     whereabouts and where he worked and who he was in contact with,
 8
     both staff and inmate.
 9
10
              THE COURT: In your opinion, is there a risk that the
     staff members are going out, interacting with people who are
11
     infected, becoming infected themselves but are asymptomatic?
12
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir, there's a risk.
13
14
              THE COURT: And if you had the resources, would you
15
     try to address that risk through tracking?
16
              WARDEN SPAULDING: If I had the resources, I would
     test staff.
17
18
              THE COURT: If you had the resources, what would you
19
     do?
20
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I would test the staff.
21
              THE COURT: I think -- do my questions suggest any
22
     further questions to counsel?
23
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Not from the government.
24
              MR. KATZ: Very, very briefly, Your Honor.
25
              One was just to know whether or not, you know, in the
```

```
1
     last few minutes, you've gotten any more information on the
 2
     other inmates at the camp who are over 70.
 3
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, I did.
 4
              MR. KATZ: Can you tell us about that. Are any of
 5
     them -- do you expect any of them to be placed on home
     confinement between now and July?
 7
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Two already have dates prior to
 8
     July.
              MR. KATZ: Two have dates prior to -- what are the
 9
10
     dates?
11
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, I don't have the dates. I
12
     just know they'll be getting home confinement prior to July,
13
     and both 70 years old.
14
              MR. KATZ: They're both 70 years old, did you say?
15
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
              MR. KATZ: And then the door handler at the main
16
    building, is that going on currently?
17
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I believe it is. I haven't
18
19
     discontinued that. Sometimes inmates get pulled away to do
20
     other assignments. So there might be a time that we don't have
21
     a door handler, but the expectation is we have door handlers,
22
     and Mr. Pena is on the schedule as a door handler.
23
              MR. KATZ: So when he's a door handler, he would come
24
     into contact with staff coming into the facility, many of whom
25
     are not wearing masks?
```

```
1
              WARDEN SPAULDING: He has his mask and he has gloves,
 2
     yes.
 3
              MR. KATZ: And the same would be true for other
 4
     inmates in the camp?
 5
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes.
 6
              THE COURT: I don't think he answered your question,
 7
     though. I thought you asked him whether the people coming in
 8
     were wearing masks.
 9
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Some wear their masks on their way
10
     in because they bought their mask, and then we provide them a
11
     mask in the front screening site. They pick up their mask
12
     there.
13
              MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor. And then the last
14
     question is, before we started today, do you ever any more
     recent information on whether there's -- well, I don't mean --
15
     I'm not trying to hide the ball. I'm refreshing the BOP
16
     website, and I'm seeing that it now says eight inmates have
17
18
     tested positive at FMC Devens.
19
              THE COURT: How many?
              MR. KATZ: Eight inmates and two staff. Earlier the
20
21
     testimony was two, and two staff, which is the same as we heard
22
     earlier.
23
              I'm just wondering whether you have any information on
24
     the six new positives?
25
              WARDEN SPAULDING: I've been with you since 11:45.
                                                                   So
```

2

3

4

5

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all I can tell you is we began our tracer when we had those
positive inmates in N1 and N4 that we talked about earlier, and
we continued to test those inmates that had, in my opinion,
were -- had exposure to those inmates, and so now we're testing
those inmates.
         MR. KATZ: Nothing further.
         THE COURT: All right. Mr. Spaulding, thank you.
This has been very helpful.
         I'll tell the lawyers, at the moment -- I've got a
couple of questions for Mr. Pena, and I don't at the moment
perceive a need to question Ms. Bourke. I think, as far as I
can tell, everything I was interested in, the warden was able
to address. Are you going to want to, Mr. Katz, question
Ms. Bourke?
         MR. KATZ: I don't think that's necessary, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: All right. As I said, I'd like to ask
Mr. Pena a few questions. Do you want to talk to him for a
minute briefly, or is that not necessary?
         MR. KATZ: I mean, I guess -- he's been sitting in the
proceedings for a couple of hours now. So I guess I would like
to talk to him briefly. The only other thing I would mention
is, you know, certainly we can address Mr. Pena's weight. I
just wanted to point out.
         THE COURT: I don't want you to point anything out.
                                                              Ι
want you to ask him some questions.
```

```
1
              MR. KATZ: Fair enough.
              THE COURT: I want his answer. And you can probably
 2
 3
     anticipate the question, but I'm sure.
 4
              Go ahead, we'll put you in the breakout room.
 5
              MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
 6
              THE CLERK: One moment.
 7
              (Discussion held off the record.)
 8
              MS. SCANNELL: Your Honor, this is Stephanie Scannell
 9
     with the BOP again. If it's possible, if you don't need Warden
10
     Spaulding anymore, could I ask that he be released?
              THE COURT: Yes, I'll release him unless he wants to
11
12
     hear Mr. Pena, but I'll leave that up to him.
13
              WARDEN SPAULDING: No, sir, I'm good.
14
              THE COURT: All right. When are you going to be
15
     transferred? When do you start your new assignment?
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Well, I start in June, but now what
16
     you heard with the -- some of the cases that we've had, I'm
17
18
     probably going to stick around until we get a handle on this,
19
     and I anticipate the new warden will be here at the end of
20
     July. So I will be involved with some of the day-to-day
21
     operations until her arrival.
22
              THE COURT: Okay. Does the Bureau of Prisons still
23
     give an award in the name of Norman Carlson, do you know?
24
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: They do?
25
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```
1
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
              THE COURT: I used to work with Mr. Carlson when I was
 2
 3
     an assistant to the Attorney General. I'm glad they still
     honor him. Maybe you'll get it some day.
 4
 5
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Maybe with your recommendation.
              THE COURT: I make judicial decisions -- I can't --
 6
 7
    we'll see.
 8
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Okay, sir.
 9
              THE COURT: And I'm not sure it would help. All
10
     right.
11
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Thanks for the time and allowing me
12
     the opportunity to do this. I will be here all week if you
13
    have any other additional questions.
14
              THE COURT: Yeah. We'll see where this goes.
15
              WARDEN SPAULDING: Yes, sir.
16
              THE COURT: Thank you.
              MS. SCANNELL: Thank you, Your Honor.
17
              (Mr. Katz and Mr. Pena in breakout room.)
18
19
              THE COURT: Is Mr. Katz back?
20
              MR. KATZ: I'm back.
              THE CLERK: I'm just waiting for Mr. Pena. He should
21
22
    be back on now. He is back on.
23
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Pena, are you there?
24
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: Do you solemnly swear that the testimony
```

```
1
     that you're about to give shall be the truth, the whole truth
     and nothing but the truth?
 2
 3
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
                             ROBERT M. PENA, sworn
 4
 5
              THE COURT: Do you understand that means, among other
 6
     things, you can be prosecuted for committing perjury if you
 7
     make a knowingly false material statement?
 8
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.
 9
              THE COURT: In about -- on about -- well, on April 21,
10
     2020, did you file a declaration in support of your request for
11
     reduction of sentence?
12
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
13
              THE COURT: And did you declare under the penalties of
14
     perjury that the following is true: -- is that what the
15
     declaration -- here, I'll tell you. Do you remember that the
     declaration started, "I, Robert Pena, declare under the penalty
16
     of perjury that the following is true to the best of my
17
18
     knowledge"?
19
              THE DEFENDANT: I don't remember, but I don't -- I
     don't have the document, but I would say yes. I don't --
20
21
              THE COURT: I have the document. I just read it to
22
     you.
23
              Do you remember that you signed it under the penalties
24
     of perjury?
25
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes. I don't -- I think I agreed to a
```

```
1
     document, but I don't remember sending it back. I was
 2
     responsible for it, yes.
 3
              THE COURT: Do you remember signing the document at
 4
     some point?
 5
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Okay. Yes.
 6
              THE COURT: And did you send it to your lawyer?
 7
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
 8
              THE COURT: And did you know he was going to file it
     with me?
 9
10
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
              THE COURT: And do you remember that paragraph 2B
11
     said, "I am obese. I am six feet two inches tall and weigh 297
12
    pounds when I arrived at FMC Devens"?
13
14
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
15
              THE COURT: Do you remember writing that or signing a
     declaration that said that?
16
              THE DEFENDANT: Signing it, yes.
17
18
              THE COURT: And then the next sentence says, "When I
19
     was last weighed, I was 307 pounds"?
20
              THE DEFENDANT:
                             Yes.
21
              THE COURT: Why did you say when you were last weighed
22
    you weighed 307 pounds?
23
              THE DEFENDANT: I remember being last weighed maybe
24
     about a couple weeks after I came in. I was putting weight on,
25
     and I -- the scale is not too accurate here, so I was on the
```

```
1
     scale, and it looked like I put on some weight, more than what
 2
     I weighed when I came here.
 3
              THE COURT: Was that the last time you were weighed
    before April 21?
 4
 5
              THE DEFENDANT: I weighed myself with Mr. Larkin
 6
     about -- at lunchtime.
              THE COURT: Today?
 7
 8
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
 9
              THE COURT: Well, I was asking you a different
10
     question. We'll get to that. So between the time you say you
     put on weight a couple weeks after arriving and April 21, were
11
12
     you ever weighed again?
13
              THE DEFENDANT: They did a physical on me. So I would
14
     assume I was weighed then, yes.
15
              THE COURT: When did they do the second physical?
              THE DEFENDANT: I don't remember when, but I know it
16
     was probably about three months after being here.
17
18
              THE COURT: And how much did you weigh then?
19
              THE DEFENDANT: I don't ever remember being down to
20
     243 pounds. That would be a wonderful thing, but I don't
21
     remember being 243. I've been, you know, trying to get my
22
     weight down. But I don't believe I've gotten down that far.
23
              THE COURT: When you were weighed after three months,
     how much did you weigh?
24
25
              THE DEFENDANT: I don't remember, I'm being honest
```

```
1
     with you, Your Honor, I don't remember how much I weighed at
 2
     that point.
 3
              THE COURT: Was it more or less than 307 pounds?
              THE DEFENDANT: Less than 307 pounds, I'm sure.
 4
 5
              THE COURT: Then why did you tell me, "On April 21,
 6
     when I was last weighed, I was 307 pounds"?
 7
              THE DEFENDANT: I thought the time when I weighed 307,
 8
     I weighed myself. I didn't know there was a record of that,
     unless I said that to somebody. I don't remember -- I mean, my
 9
10
     weight fluctuates in a month by 20 -- it can fluctuates by 20
11
     to 25 pounds in one month, you know, if I'm trying to lose
12
     weight or gain -- no, I'm not trying to gain weight. If I'm
13
     trying to lose weight, my weight can fluctuate because of my
14
     size.
              So if I did, I apologize, I made a mistake, but I
15
     don't -- the scale here, the one we just got on just now, I
16
     mean, I got on that, and I hadn't been on that scale for a
17
18
     while, weighed myself in a while.
19
              THE COURT: What did you say you weighed at lunchtime?
20
              THE DEFENDANT: Mr. Larkin, he's sitting here, he
     weighed himself and I weighed myself. I think he said 260 or
21
22
     something like that.
23
              THE COURT: How much did you weigh?
24
              THE DEFENDANT: About 260 pounds.
25
              THE COURT: Did you see a doctor at the camp on or
```

```
1
     about March 24?
              THE DEFENDANT: I went in for medication -- I go in
 2
     there from time to time for medication for my hip, pain -- you
 3
 4
     know, Tylenol.
 5
              THE COURT: And do they weigh you each time you go for
 6
     that?
 7
              THE DEFENDANT: No. In fact, they never weigh me,
     that I can remember. I have to put into the computer if I've
 8
 9
     run out, but they generally alert me that I'm going to be
10
     running out based on the amount of the pills in the bottle, and
     they ask me if I want it again. I always say yes.
11
              THE COURT: Have you had right-shoulder pain since
12
13
     you've been at Devens?
14
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
15
              THE COURT: And do you plan to have shoulder surgery
16
     after you get released?
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes. I actually needed the shoulder
17
18
     surgery before I went in. The doctor said I needed a reverse
19
     shoulder replacement, which is taking bones out, but I didn't
20
     ask you about it before because you allowed me to get my hip
     replacement. So I figured that was not going to happen, so I
21
22
     just came in with the shoulder the way it is.
23
              THE COURT: Were you trying to lose weight in part by
24
     walking 18 laps three to four days a week?
25
              THE DEFENDANT: Well, when I first came in, I tried to
```

```
1
           I couldn't walk even three laps. My hip got sore, and
     it wasn't that far after the surgery. So --
 2
              THE COURT: In March of this year, two months ago, did
 3
     you tell the medical provider that you were trying to lose
 4
 5
     weight, you were walking eighteen laps three to four days a
     week, as well as other workouts? Did you say that?
 7
              THE DEFENDANT: I don't remember saying that. I tell
     the inmates here -- they've seen me out there trying to walk.
 8
 9
     So that's kind of common knowledge that I'm out there walking.
10
     There's a bunch of guys out there walking. I don't remember
11
     talking to a doctor about it, though.
12
              THE COURT: Was there a time when you were walking 18
13
     laps three to four days a week?
14
              THE DEFENDANT: I've done it about probably fifteen
15
     times. Most of the time -- I start out at three laps, and I
16
     worked my way up.
              THE COURT: And did you do other workouts?
17
              THE DEFENDANT: If it's raining, there's a shed here
18
19
     that you can go in. There's some bicycles in there, but that's
20
     all I can do. I can't lift weights. I can't do pushups. I
21
     can't do pullups. I can't do anything with that shoulder. And
22
     I cannot run. All I can do is walk. And it's not a quarter
    mile track. There's more than four laps to a mile.
23
24
              THE COURT: Do you remember what you were convicted
25
     for?
```

```
1
              THE DEFENDANT:
                             Fraud. Conspiracy to commit fraud.
 2
              THE COURT: Lying to the government?
 3
              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes.
              THE COURT: Do my questions suggest any further
 4
 5
     questions to counsel?
 6
              MR. LaMACCHIA: None from the government, Your Honor.
 7
              THE COURT: Mr. Katz?
 8
              MR. KATZ: None, Your Honor.
 9
              THE COURT: It's now 4:06. I'd like to give you an
10
     opportunity to make some brief, essentially, closing arguments,
11
     but I'm going to take a break in meaningful measure for the
     heroic stenographer, who's working a long time under
12
13
     challenging conditions. So why don't we resume at about 4:20.
14
     Okay. Mr. Katz, it's your motion, I'll give you a chance to
15
     argue it, and then the government can respond. Okay?
16
              MR. KATZ: Okay. Thank you.
              THE COURT: Court is in recess.
17
18
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Thank you.
19
     (A recess was taken.)
20
              THE COURT: Okay. It appears we have Mr. Katz,
     Mr. LaMacchia and the stenographer. So Mr. Katz, it's your
21
22
     motion. You're seeking an indicative ruling. The case is in
     the First Circuit. So I would have to indicate either there's
23
24
     a substantial question, or that I intend to rule in your favor,
25
     and ask that they remand the case to me, correct?
```

1 MR. KATZ: That's correct, Your Honor. 2 Can we just make sure Mr. Pena's present? 3 THE COURT: Oh, sure. Mr. Pena, are you on? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 4 5 THE COURT: All right. This is argument. If the 6 prison needs him back, they can have him, but if they can 7 accommodate this, that would be helpful. 8 Hold on a second. There's a file I was just looking 9 for. Well, Mr. Katz, the issue -- just one moment. So the 10 question is under 3582(c)(1)(A), I believe. Essentially the 11 question is whether there exists in the defendant's case an 12 extraordinary and compelling reason, other than those identified earlier, that justifies release. I know that that 13 14 provision says, "As determined by the director of the Bureau of Prisons." Hold on a second. I think I just read you the 15 guideline. Yeah, I just read you the guideline. 16 All right. Why don't you go ahead. 17 18 MR. KATZ: All right. Your Honor, very briefly I just 19 wanted to address the issue with the statement about Mr. Pena's 20 weight in the declaration. First, I do want to apologize to 21 the court, and apologize for not raising it with you at the 22 start of the hearing. I don't think that Mr. Pena had any 23 intent to deceive the court. I say that for a couple of

reasons. Number one, if you look through the medical records,

there are two other weigh-ins from the medical records in the

24

25

```
fall, when he weighed 280 and 295 pounds.
 1
 2
              THE COURT: What page are those?
 3
                         It is on -- for me it's page 44 of the 96-
              MR. KATZ:
     page attachment. And it's not -- you know, they're not
 4
 5
     numbered 1 to 44 -- you know, 1 to 96.
              THE COURT: I'll find it.
 6
 7
              MR. KATZ: It lists three weigh-ins that they have
     records of them, two from fall of 2019 and one from the March
 8
 9
     2020. He was that weight --
10
              THE COURT: What are the three weights?
              MR. KATZ: October 30 he was 290 pounds. November 15
11
12
     he was 295 pounds. And then March 24 of this year, 243 pounds.
13
              THE COURT: Okay.
14
              MR. KATZ: But the other thing I was going to say is,
     I mean, as I told you -- as I told you last time, I've always
15
     taken the position that Mr. Pena's age alone is sufficient
16
17
     reason. And in talking through his health with him, I mean, I
     really asked him matter of factually, "What do you weigh?"
18
19
     This was not something emphasized to him. He had no motivation
20
     to try to deceive the court. I don't recall talking
21
     specifically about BMI. I mean, this was a short conversation
22
     going through, you know, the criteria that the CDC lists.
23
              THE COURT: Look, this isn't evidence. Why don't you
24
     base your argument on evidence.
25
              MR. KATZ: Fair enough.
```

The last point I was going to make on it, it's obviously known to us that the government has these records. I don't think Mr. Pena's foolish enough to, you know, intentionally try to deceive the court when the records are available. But I'll leave that --

THE COURT: He worked hard to intentionally deceive Ginnie Mae and the records were available. Go ahead.

MR. KATZ: I understand. That's all I wanted to say about that point.

THE COURT: Not every judge would give you about eight hours of hearings on this. Go ahead.

MR. KATZ: And I appreciate that, Your Honor.

So, I mean, my argument is identical to where we were last week. It's about the risk of infection to Mr. Pena, and if anything, I think what the evidence from the warden revealed today is that it corroborates the remainder of what was in Mr. Pena's declaration about the conditions at FMC Devens, the camp there, and the risk that he faces there. If anything, he chose that the risk is more than that based on, you know, not only the lack of testing, but the points of contact for the staff, workers at FMC Devens who do leave the institution, come back into the community, congregate together before they're assessed, not tested, and that there's essentially no testing going on. Obviously no one takes pleasure in the fact that we've seen new cases of infection since last week.

THE COURT: How many are there now?

MR. KATZ: As of this afternoon, there's eight inmates, two staff. Obviously we don't have information about where those inmates are.

The reality is --

THE COURT: You should put this in an affidavit that you can file tomorrow morning.

MR. KATZ: Sure.

I mean, the reality is, and I think the warden was very candid during his testimony, and it's obvious that, you know, he is doing his best. But the reality is is that this is a disease that, despite our best efforts, we're not able to contain right now. And the fact that it took FMC Devens until, you know, May 13 to start having an increase in cases, I mean, that's great news. I'm not sure whether that's luck or whether that's because of those great measures or some combination, but the risk of infection is there, and it's increasing.

As far as the risk of severe illness or death to Mr. Pena, I don't need to quote you the CDC statistics on age again. They are what they are. I would suggest that, to the extent Mr. Pena -- and I don't know that we need to litigate specifically where on the BMI scale Mr. Pena falls, under any definition he's still considered obese. I also don't know that, you know, it's sort of a binary you either have it or you don't at BMI 40. Presumably there's some sort of sliding scale

about how obese you are and how much it increases risk. The difficulty is we don't know the specifics. We probably aren't going to know those statistics a month from now, a year from now. The bottom line is that we know based on age alone and perhaps more that Mr. Pena faces an elevated risk.

I addressed last week the 3553 factors. I'd be happy to go through them again, but the one I want to talk about is unwarranted disparity, because I know the court stressed that one last week. Last week you were worried about the unjustified disparity if you granted Mr. Pena's motion.

Now a week later, I would suggest that the denial of Mr. Pena's motion is actually going to result in an unwarranted disparity. We know that a lot of other older inmates from FMC Devens have been placed on home confinement. We know that some of the other ones will be soon. We know based on the warden's testimony that, in all likelihood, two months from now Mr. Pena is likely to be one of those inmates.

With this disease, two months is a long time. If we all think back to where we were on March 13. We had just begun to social distance. The courts, the schools had just started to close. That was a long time ago. To force Mr. Pena to wait two more months and risk an infection that will likely result in severe consequences for him doesn't make sense.

The government's opposition has been principally based on either deference to the warden or the notion that he's safer

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The warden -- in terms of the warden, there's nothing to defer to. The warden told us that in considering compassionate release, coronavirus is not a consideration. fact that, you know, inmates like Mr. Pena are asking for -you know, for BOP to file it, and then being forced to wait 30 days when there's literally a zero percent chance of BOP filing on that basis does not make sense. But be that as it may, the warden did not consider compassionate release because coronavirus is not a consideration, and we know he didn't consider him for home confinement because of the 50/25 rule that Mr. Pena will meet in two months. So there's nothing to defer to in terms of the warden's determination.

Then as far as whether or not he's safer at home, I mean, I've made the argument before. If Your Honor has questions about it, I'm happy to talk about it again. To me it's a matter of common sense. I don't think the number of infections in Falmouth or in Barnstable County are relevant. don't think the -- you know, we would say that to the 170 towns that have higher infection rates than Falmouth, that the residents in those towns would all be safer at FMC Devens. unless the court has further questions, we rest on the papers and ask you to grant Mr. Pena's motion.

THE COURT: I think that's okay for the moment anyway. MR. LaMACCHIA: Thank you, Your Honor. I'm not

25 entirely sure I agree with Mr. Pena's counsel's

characterizations of the warden's process. I think looking at it more generally, not just at FMC Devens but at the BOP generally, there is without question a process for addressing the pandemic and the inmates in the various prisons. There's no question about that.

And Mr. Pena is but one inmate in that process. You know, I think that there is the AG guidance. There is both the two memos. There's BOP guidance. They're following CDC guidance.

THE COURT: Yeah, but to me the Bureau of Prisons's policies are inconsistent with the Attorney General's memoranda. The Attorney General, in the April 3 memo says "and now that I've exercised my authority under the CARES Act, your review should include all at-risk inmates, not only those who were previously eligible for transfer." So this is home confinement. And it should be guided by the factors in the March 26 memo.

The Bureau of Prisons has said, Well, if you haven't served 50 percent of your sentence or 25 percent of your sentence, and are within 18 months of your release date, we're not going to consider you on the merits. I'm not the Attorney General, but if I was, I would consider that utterly inconsistent. There are at-risk inmates who are not being individually assessed for release. And some of them may get very sick. Some of them may die.

It's also, to me, illogical that there has been no direction with regard to reductions in sentence motions, the type of motion I have before me, because it seems to me logically all the considerations the Attorney General thoughtfully laid out with regard to the Bureau of Prisons deciding whether to reduce a sentence to home confinement, actually applied more to a reduction in sentencing motions, because you put your finger on this, and I alluded to it last week. You know, maybe the Bureau of Prisons would say if we let somebody out too soon, the sentencing judge will be offended. He intended Mr. Pena serve 32 months.

But with regard to a reduction in sentencing motions, you know, if the warden looked at this -- and Warden Spaulding impressed me as a candid, thoughtful capable person. So if he were unconstrained by regulation 5050.50, which has not been modified to respond to the pandemic and, in fact, in my view wasn't properly modified to respond to the First Step Act because it doesn't have the final, you know, extraordinary and compelling circumstances provision. You know, if he were sort of a free agent and just told me he regards Mr. Pena as high risk -- at risk -- not high risk, at risk, and he went through the factors, and he said if this is the situation two months from now, and I'm here, I expect I'll recommend him for release.

So I don't understand why the Bureau of Prisons's

guidance is the way it is, but the motion is now made by Mr. Pena, and so I have the discretion to consider all the factors.

MR. LaMACCHIA: I understand Your Honor's concern. I would say that, you know, reading the Attorney General's March 26 memo, it seems to suggest that there is a plan to implement the reduction in prison in response to the pandemic through home confinement as opposed to compassionate release, because the memo mentions home confinement. So that was a -- that was a thought process that appears to have been made by the Attorney General himself.

You know, I think when you read that memo, the March 26 memo, it does have particular factors, but it says right there before listing the factors it says, "The following non-exhaustive list of discretionary factors."

I think because the Attorney General is making a determination to address this through home confinement, I think that suggests that he understands the BOP already has discretion. That's an authority committed to the BOP to address how it manages the inmate population.

THE COURT: I think when he says "discretionary factors," he's saying, well, sure, that they have discretion, and there may be other factors in a particular case. You know, these are not the whole universe of relevant factors necessarily.

MR. LaMACCHIA: So I take Your Honor's point that, okay, well, why aren't these factors being considered, but I'm not sure that these factors in and of themselves the Attorney General himself would say that there aren't -- that the BOP can't implement this directive to reduce the prison sentence in a way that they believe is fair and orderly.

things. I have a case to decide, and that's my primary function, but, you know, when you have a case, some cases, the branches are in colloquy with each other. You know, and the Attorney General -- I don't know if -- he's got a lot on his mind. I don't know if he knows about the inconsistency. Maybe he knows about it and he doesn't care. Maybe he thinks the rules that the Bureau of Prisons implemented are good, but not for Mr. Manafort, apparently. I don't say that gratuitously. We're going to go through the 3553(a) factors. I have to say what's going to promote -- what's going to promote respect for the law and avoid unjustified disparity. And I don't have the Manafort case. I don't know all the details.

MR. LaMACCHIA: Right. And I think Your Honor makes a good point there that, you know, if you or I were the Attorney General or the BOP, we would look at these and probably make different decisions, but that's not where we are. This is the decisions that have been made by people in those positions and how it's being implemented. I think the larger point and what

Your Honor has to consider with respect to Mr. Pena's compassionate release motion is this point: That if you kind of what I think -- and I can explain why Mr. Pena's motion on extraordinary and compelling reasons is kind of weak. If you're kind of shoe-horning those motions into compassionate release, you're undermining that process.

THE COURT: What process?

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$ LaMACCHIA: Well, the process that the BOP and the AG have implemented.

THE COURT: But here's -- I'm sorry. Keep going.

MR. LaMACCHIA: I'm just saying, you know, yes, you may disagree with that process, and I take your points. I think they're worth considering. But I think at the same time if through compassionate release you're kind of going past that process and in effect letting Mr. Pena jump the line, like he's doing here with this motion, instead of waiting the two months to go on home confinement, you're essentially creating a race to the courthouse where people can go and do these motions, and then you're going to create the disparity that I think Your Honor was concerned about.

THE COURT: Well, read my decision in DeMasi. At that time -- it goes through the history of this. The Bureau of Prisons has long been widely regarded, including by the Attorney General, and Deputy Attorney General in the last administration is being too restrictive in permitting

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compassionate release. They weren't filing motions. And the sentencing -- the Department of Justice Inspector General found The sentencing commission found that. The Congress found it, and enacted the First Step Act that opened the gate. And now I've learned, and, you know, you taught me a lot, including today. I said last week you were both doing a very good job. You're continuing to do a very good job. That regulation, 5050.50, it's -- you know, it says unless you've served how long? You know, the Bureau of Prisons -- he would have to serve until, what, October 2021 for the Bureau of Prisons to consider on the merits filing a motion. And they haven't considered the merits. So until today there was nothing for me to defer to. And I told you last week if there was a thoughtful good faith process, I'd be inclined to give that some weight. But I don't think there's a process that deserves deference, and I essentially have an advisory opinion from the warden when -- you know, if -- and I commend the Bureau of Prisons for going at least as far as it has going down to 25 percent in certain circumstances. But he says if we were in July, I would recommend that he be released. So it can't be -- and then the question is considering the 3553(a) factors, should he be released now? That's my current frame of mind, and I haven't decided the matter. MR. LaMACCHIA: I understand where Your Honor is coming from. I think I see the interaction between

compassionate release, as you're talking about, and then the warden's decision. I've seen Mr. Pena kind of falling in between those in some respects. Because yes, I think if he waited in line, he probably would get recommended for release according to the warden and maybe he would get released. I really don't know what the circumstances are at that time, but it's certainly possible.

But at the same time I think if you're looking at him squarely on compassionate release, his motion is kind of thin, you know. I mean, I think the fact that he had to trump up his weight to make, you know, one of those severe factors, I think exemplifies that. That's exactly why, because just age alone is -- granted, it is a CDC factor, but I think when you look at that data we pointed out in our last response, that there is such a high correlation between these underlying conditions and severe infection or death from COVID. And I think that it doesn't really seem to me what you would normally think of either in the sentencing guidelines or otherwise what is an extraordinary --

THE COURT: So let me see if I can rearticulate your argument. The warden said that he considers Mr. Pena to be an at-risk inmate by virtue of his age alone at risk, but in the lexicon of the Bureau of Prisons not vulnerable, because he doesn't have -- and in the CDC framework, he doesn't have a diagnosed other condition that makes him at higher risk than

somebody else 71 years -- 70 or 71 years old. That's part of your argument. Is that right?

MR. LaMACCHIA: Correct.

THE COURT: And you know, because it's something I singled out in my order on Monday, the statistics about age, particularly in Massachusetts, which seems to be more up to date than the CDC statistics, concern me. You know, like 80 percent of the people who die from this are 70 or older. And that concerns me. I intended to give Mr. Pena a serious sentence but not a death sentence.

You know, it seems likely that he's going to get out in two months, and then there's also -- the argument is, we heard it, that so far the camp has been lucky, but people come in and out. If the infection gets in the camp, there's not going to be that much they can do about it. And as a 70-year-old man, he's going to be at risk, and would it be sufficient to let him spend an extra couple months at home to try to reduce that risk? I think that's the issue, at the moment it comes down to, to me. There's also the question whether he can be trusted if he goes home.

MR. LaMACCHIA: I mean, that goes to the 3553(a) factors that Your Honor has to consider.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. LaMACCHIA: You know, I think that what was apparent today was that Mr. Pena lied his way into prison and

he's trying to lie his way out of prison with that affidavit.

But, you know, I think -- I understand where Your
Honor is coming from, and, you know, I think the government
would recommend that you just let BOP do its process, and then
in two months he'll likely be released. I understand Your
Honor may want to do that sooner, because you're saying, oh,
it's just two months. I understand that. I think that
regardless of what Your Honor does, I think you should -- and I
think we put this in our last response as well. And this goes
to the thing I actually started, which seems quite a long time
ago today, about Ginnie Mae.

THE COURT: Yeah, tell me.

MR. LaMACCHIA: So I wanted to make you aware of this. So I conferred about Ginnie Mae, Paul St. Laurent in particular. He was the individual who worked very closely with Mr. Pena. So I think he's probably the best person to speak with. And he just said to me that he wasn't too concerned with Mr. Pena staying in prison. From his perspective, he believed that staying -- the fact that he was caught, prosecuted and put in jail was significant to him. But at the same time he believed that it was very important and very significant to Ginnie Mae that they get repaid as much as possible. That's why in my response I made that clear that he, you know, I think -- there should be a plan for him to make repayments to Ginnie Mae. I think in this unprecedented economic downturn if

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there's anyone who could use some extra money to deal with the crisis, it's Ginnie Mae, but unfortunately they're going to be short 2.5 million. THE COURT: Hold on just a second. I'm looking at the presentence report. Who owns a house in Falmouth? MR. LaMACCHIA: I don't know the answer to that off the top of my head, Your Honor. I thought it was Mr. Pena, but I'm not in a position to represent anything on that. THE COURT: I'm going to ask Ms. Loret to get me the financial statement that was filed in connection with the presentence report, and I'll have to look at the judgment. Well, one of the conditions of supervised release is that he pay the balance of any fine or restitution according to a court order repayment schedule, and he must provide probation access to any requested financial information, which may be shared with the financial litigation unit. If I order his release, you can make a request to me to ask probation to get your office that information. MR. LaMACCHIA: Okay. I quess I had in mind something more than Mr. Pena just sitting at home and not doing anything to repay. THE COURT: Well, I don't issue orders I don't intend to enforce. There's an order of a forfeiture for a money

judgment, 2,500,000. The U.S. Attorney forfeiture section

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     knows how to deal with these things. But let's look at the
     three 3553(a) factors which I need to consider. Nature and
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     circumstances of the offense and history and characteristics of
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     the defendant, the need for the sentence to reflect the
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     seriousness of the offense, and he has served only eight
     months, which ordinarily would not be enough, but I do think
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     the pandemic is extraordinary. That's not the end of the
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     inquiry.
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              MR. KATZ: It's about seven months, Your Honor, just
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     to be clear.
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              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              MR. KATZ: A little under seven months.
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              THE COURT: Right. What, if any, are the implications
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     of Mr. Manafort being released in connection with the idea of
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     promoting respect for the law and avoid unjustified
     disparities?
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              MR. KATZ: I'd be happy to answer, Judge.
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              THE COURT: Well, let me put it to the government
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     first.
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              MR. KATZ: All right.
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: I'm not prepared to answer that, Your
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     Honor, because I don't know the facts and circumstances.
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     mean, I know generally of Paul Manafort's crimes. I don't know
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     the specifics or the circumstances of his release.
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              THE COURT: I just glanced at one article. It says he
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was 71 years old. He's got 40 something months, I think, to
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     serve, but he has had a heart attack, I think --
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: Yeah.
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              THE COURT: -- in custody. Is there more you'd like
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     to say, Mr. LaMacchia?
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: You know, only that the court should
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     consider Mr. Pena's efforts to commit this crime and, you know,
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     it doesn't seem like -- I understand that there's the pandemic
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     and obviously we don't want any harm to come to Mr. Pena as a
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     result of that pandemic. I think --
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              THE COURT: I'm having trouble hearing you.
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     stenographer may be too.
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              MR. LaMACCHIA: What I'm saying is there's a lot of
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     effort that went into the crime, and I think the court should
     consider that. Obviously we don't want anything to happen to
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    him with respect to the pandemic. That's not the kind of
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     sentence we're asking for. I don't want the court to give
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     short shrift to the crime itself.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Is there more you wanted to say,
     Mr. Katz?
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              MR. KATZ: Just very briefly, Your Honor.
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     government talked about the 98.4 percent, I think, that had
     underlying conditions. I looked very hard last night to try to
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     find what qualifies as an underlying condition under that
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     criteria. I could not find anything. So, I mean, for all I
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know, obesity counts and obesity may not be a BMI of 40.

Again, there's no -- at least in the Massachusetts reporting statistics, I was unable to find what counts as a underlying condition. I'm just suggesting it very well may be that

Mr. Pena would be one of those 98.4 percent.

As far as Paul Manafort, I'm also unfamiliar with the case. What I can say is, based on what the warden told us today, a person who had served the amount of time that Paul Manafort served would not be considered unless there was something coming down from the central office. I think Mr. Spaulding's testimony was very clear that he doesn't recommend someone going up with less — that doesn't meet the 50/25 rule. It's only if it comes from up high. So we don't know about the other people that have received that treatment. We know there are other people that have received that treatment.

As far as the sentence, to be clear, Mr. Pena is still going to be serving a sentence. He's not -- I mean, I don't want to -- I mean, I want to be fair. You know, certainly home confinement is different than being in a prison setting. At the same time, home confinement, and we're talking about a six-month, six-and-a-half or almost seven-month committed sentence plus whatever period -- you know, period of home confinement, would be the 25 months or whatever. That's still a very serious sentence. As far as whether or not he could be

trusted at home, probation has ways to make sure -- to trust but verify.

As far as repaying Ginnie Mae, I mean, no one's disagreeing with that. As Your Honor said, there is a restitution judgment. There are ways for that to be enforced, and those things can all be put into place. None of those things should stand in the way of Mr. Pena being able to serve on home confinement.

THE COURT: All right. It's almost 5:00. I'm going to take this matter under advisement. I'm not available to work on this at all tomorrow. I'm tentatively scheduling this for 11:30 on Friday, the 15th. If I'm ready, I'll give you a decision orally. If I'm not ready, it will have to be rescheduled, but I've got a heavy calendar here. So I'll try to reach a decision, which I haven't reached yet, and organize my thoughts sufficiently to give it to you, because I do recognize there's some urgency to this.

I direct you, again, to order the transcript of this decision on an expedited basis, and I know there's something I just directed you, Mr. Katz, to file an affidavit on tomorrow morning.

MR. KATZ: Yeah, it ws the number of infections at FMC Devens?

THE COURT: Yes.

If either of you want to supplement the record -- and

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     you don't have to -- by 11:00 tomorrow morning.
              MR. LaMACCHIA: Very good, Your Honor.
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              MR. KATZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Again, I mean, this has taken a long time
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     but, A, Mr. Pena is important, as every human being is, and, B,
     his case is in the context of recurring issues that are
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     important to the public, to the government and to the prisoners
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     and those work in the prison camp. So I think the adversary
     system is working at a high level. I think the warden was
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     knowledgeable and, in my view, candid, and I will develop a
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     decision as soon as I can. Okay?
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              Anything further in this matter for today, other than
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     to thank the stenographer.
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              Court is in recess. Except I'll ask my staff to stay
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     on, please.
              THE CLERK: Yes, Your Honor.
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     (Proceedings adjourned at 5:00 p.m.)
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                        CERTIFICATE
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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT )
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     DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
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               I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
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     from the record of proceedings taken May 13, 2020 in the
     above-entitled matter to the best of my skill and ability.
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     /s/ Kathleen Mullen Silva
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     Kathleen Mullen Silva, RPR, CRR
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